Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts must be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor

The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

VOL. XI. WAYNESBURG, PENNA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1868. NO. 49.

Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 50 per square for three insertions, or less, and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less of this type counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably 10 cents a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Poetry.

ONE OF THE CONVENTION SONGS.

The following song and chorus, set to music by Geo. F. Root, were sung by Chaplain McCabe, Chaplain Lozier, and Major H. G. Lombard, at the Convention on the announcement of the nomination of Gen. Grant:

We'll rally again to the standard we bore
O'er battle-fields crimson and gory,
Shouting "hail to the chief" who in freedom's fierce war,
Hath covered that banner with glory.

Then rally again, then rally again,
With the soldier, the sailor, and bummer,
And we'll fight it out here, on the old Union line,
No odds if it takes us all Summer.

We'll rally again, by the side of the men,
Who bressted the conflicts' fierce rattle,
And they'll find us still true, who were true to them then,
And bade them "Good speed" in the battle.

Then rally again, then rally again,
With the soldier, and sailor, and bummer
And we'll fight it out here, on the old Union line,
No odds if it takes us all summer.

We'll rally again, and "that flag of the free"
Shall stay where our heroes have placed it,
And no'r shall they govern on land or on sea,
Whose treason hath spurned and disgraced it.

Then rally again, then rally again,
With the soldier, and sailor, and bummer,
And we'll fight it out here, on the old Union line,
No odds if it takes us all summer.

We'll rally again, and our motto shall be,
Whatever the nation that bore us,
God bless that old banner, "the flag of the free,"
And all who would die with it o'er us.

Then rally again, then rally again,
With the soldier, the sailor, and bummer,
And we'll fight it out here on the old Union line,
No odds if it takes us all Summer,

Original.

For the REPUBLICAN.

OUR COMMONS.

MR. EDITOR:—I noticed sometime ago a controversy between you and the head of the Copperhead paper is this place about the occupation of the town commons. The cop patriot grew eloquent in his defence of the poor against the rich, claiming the commons are for the support of the poor of the place etc. Being a temporary sojourner here, I would like to say a few words on the subject.

In the first place, to what use are the commons applied? The "poor man's friend" claimed, I think, that they afforded pasture for the stock of those who were too poor to hire it. How much do they furnish in a year? About enough to support two cows and a pig. Any one who will go and look at their condition now, and then say they are of any benefit to the poor certainly has not an over lot of good sense. A few cows that look like the remains of a contraband camp hold dispute with the filthy hogs for the few blades of grass that grow upon it. I have been told, that, in the summer it is beautifully decked with dog fennel, but that is not of much practical benefit. I learn that in the summer it is also a resort for the stock of an evening when are seen exhibitions that ought to take place somewhere else. Will the editor tell how much benefit the poor derive from this ground in the course of a year? How many pounds of butter could be made from a cow that pastured on it?

The only use to which we have seen it applied, is as a play ground for the boys and young men. This is nice, you say? Let any one who has not been raised in the ranks of the Democratic party, walk across the commons while a game is being played, and his ear will hear such foul language as will make him think that a legion of Five Pointers had arrived. The filthy stream never stops its flow. It is a shame to the town that this is not stopped. Ladies and gentlemen on the way to and from the "little college" must stop their ears or be made to blush. If the parents will not keep their boys away, the officers of the town should do it for them. No persons, young or old, have a right to yell out in filthy language upon the public highway. They have no more right to do it on the commons than in the streets. Besides there is danger of persons who may pass by being hurt.

The commons certainly present a beautiful, not to say picturesque appearance? Banks of clay here and there relieve the tiresome green; ponds of mud and water form miniature; lakes in which the swine may wallow and the cattle stand, to give the appearance of inhabitation. A large pile of manure contributes to the beauty and neatness of the whole. (Is this pile for the use of the poor?)

Would it be a benefit to the poor if the commons were accompanied with good tenant houses?

Yours. OBSERVER.

WHAT is the difference between a watchmaker and a jailor? One sells watches and the other watches cells.

THE WORLD ON GEN. GRANT.

From The World, May 21, 1868.

* * * It was possible for Grant after his failure "to fight out on one line" in his advance of 1864 upon Richmond, to lavish the lives of thousands of American soldiers and to expend thousands of dollars of the nation's treasure upon a new campaign and so finally wear and worry down the strength of the rebellion which had already been mortally wounded by Meade at Gettysburg.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL GRANT,

From The World, April 11, 1865.

Gen. Grant's history should teach us to discriminate better than we Americans are apt to do between glitter and solid work. Our proneness to run after demagogues and spouters may find a wholesome corrective in the study of such a character as his. The qualities by which great things are accomplished are here seen to have no necessary connection show y and superficial accomplishments. When the mass of men look upon such a character, they may learn a truer respect for themselves and each other; they are taught by it that high qualities and great abilities are consistent with the simplicity of taste, contempt for parade, and plainness of manners with which direct and earnest men have a strong natural sympathy. Ulysses S. Grant, the tanner, Ulysses S. Grant, the unsuccessful applicant for the post of City Surveyor of St, Louis, Ulysses S. Grant, the driver into that city of his two-horse team with a load of wool to sell, had within him every manly quality which will cause the name of Lieutenant-General Grant to live forever in history. His career is a lesson in practical Democracy; it is a quiet satire on the dandyism, the puppyism, and the shallow affectation of our fashionable exquisites as well as upon the swagger of our plausible, glib-tongued demagogues, not by any means that great qualities are inconsistent with cultivated manners and a fluent elocution, but that such superficial accomplishments are no measures of worth or ability.

Gen. Grant's last campaign sets the final seal upon his reputation. It stamps him as the superior of his able antagonist as well as of all the commanders who have served with or under him in the great campaigns of the last year. It is not necessary to sacrifice any part of well-earned reputations to his. Sherman and Sheridan deserve all that has ever been said in their praise; but there has never been a time, since Grant was made Lieutenant-General, when anybody but Sherman, on our side, could have been classed with him. Since Sherman's bold march through Georgia, and his capture of Savannah and Charleston, there have been many who in their strong admiration of his great achievments, inclined to rank him as the greater general of the two. That judgment, we take it is now reversed by the court of final appeal; not by dwarfing the reputation of Sherman which suffers no just abatement, but by the expansion into grander proportions of that of Grant.

Grant stands preeminent among all the generals who have led are armies in the late war, in that he has exhibited the utmost strength of will of which the highest type of manhood is capable. The defense of Vicksburg and the defense of Richmond were both deemed impregnable, and were defended with a proportional confidence and obstinacy; but they both yielded, at last, to Grant's matchless persistence and unequaled strategy, And in both cases he not only took the long-contested positions, but compelled the surrender of the whole force defending them. Nothing could be more clean and complete, even in imagination, than Gen. Grant's masterly execution. He did not merely, in each case, acquire position which was the key of a wide theater of operations; he did not merely beat or disable the opposing force; he left no fragment of it in existence except as prisoners of war subject to his disposal.

If anybody is so obtuse or so wrong-headed as to see nothing great in General Grant beyond his marvelous tenacity of will, let that doubter explain, if he can, how it has happened that since Grant rose to high command, this quality has always been exerted in conspicuous energy precisely at the point on which everything in his whole sphere of operations hinged. There has been no display of great qualities on small occasions; no expenditure of herculean effort to accomplish objects not of the first magnitude. It is only a very clear-sighted and a very comprehensive mind that could always thus have laid the whole emphasis of an indomitable soul so precisely on the emphatic place. How if he be not a general of the first order of intellect, as well as of the most heroic determination, does it happen that in assigning great an brilliant parts to his subordinate commanders, he has never, when the results of his strategy were fully unfolded, appeared in the picture except as the central figure? However it may seem during the progress of one of his great combined campaigns, it always turns out at last when it reaches that completeness and finish in which he contrives to have his campaigns end, that we see *him* standing in the foreground, and that the glory of the other generals instead of eclipsing his own gives it additional luster. It is this sureness of judgement which sees precisely where lies the turning point; which sees exactly what are the objects that justify the utmost stretch of persistence; it is this ability to take in the whole field of view in just perspective and due subordination of parts, that is the mark of a superior mind. Gen. Grant has taken out of the hands of all critics the question whether it belongs to him. He has won his greatest triumph over the most skillful and accomplished General on the other side; over a General who foiled him long enough to prove his great mastery of the art of war; and the completenes of whose defeat is a testimony to Grant's genius such as a victory over any other General of the Confederacy, or earlier victory over Lee himself, could not have given. Apply to Gen. Grant what test you will; measure him by the magnitude of the obstacles he has surmounted, by the value of the positions he has gained, by the fame of the antagonist over whom he has triumphed by the achievements of his most illustrious co-workess, by the sureness with which he directs his indomitable energy to the vital point which is the key of a vast field of operations, or by that supreme test of consummate ability the absolute completeness of his results, and he vindicates his claim to stand next after Napoleon and Wellington, among the great soldiers of this century, if not on a level with the latter

BIOGRAPHICAL.

General GRANT was born on the 27th of April, 1822, at Point Pleasant, Clermont county, Ohio. His father was of Scotch descent and, by occupation, a dealer in leather. The son entered the military academy at West Point in his eighteenth year and graduated in 1843, standing twenty-first in rank in a class of thirty-nine members. He served for eleven years in the army, passing through every battle of the Mexican war except two, and held the rank of Captain at the date of his resignation in 1854. Joining his father and a brother, at Galena, Illinois, he engaged in business as a leather dealer until the outbreak of rebellion in 1861. A few days after Sumpter was fired upon, he was found drilling a company of volunteers, and, a few days later, led the company to the State capital. An offer of his services to the authorities at Washington not being heeded, he tendered them to Gov. YATES, of his own State, and after a few weeks service in the organization of the volunteer forces, accepted command of the Twenty-first Regiment, and proceeded with it to Missouri. In August, '61, he was commissioned by the President as Brigadier General. In September, he took command at Cairo, of the district embracing the conflux of the Ohio, Tennessee, Cumberland and Mississippi Rivers. He lost no time in seizing Paducah, then threatened by a rebel force, and his success confirmed the wavering loyalty of Kentucky, and brought it over to the Union side. He won his first battle at Belmont, November 7th, where he was conspicuously under fire, having his horse killed under him, and by his personal bravery and military skil received a confidence from his soldiers which has clung to him since on every field. He captured Fort Donelson, February 16th, 1862, and on the 19th was promoted to be Major General. The campaign and victories of Shiloh, (April 7th,) Port Gibson, (May 1st,) Jackson, (May 14th,) followed in regular succession, and paralyzed the power of rebellion in the Southwest.

His Chattanooga campaign of '63, his promotion to be Lieutenant General, March 1st, '64, his subsequent direction of the Union armies in all quarters of the rebellion, his personal charge of the operations against Richmond, the firm grasp with which he held LEE and the main power of the Confederacy at bay, and the final culmination of his plans in the success of his great Lieutenants, and the fall of Richmond, the surrender of LEE's army and the grounding of the last rebel musket—all these events are too well remembered by our readers to require more than this brief mention.

The grateful acknowledgments of his country were evidenced in his further promotion to the newly created office of General, and, as the Commander-in-chief of the Federal armies, during the three years of great civil anxiety and danger which have succeeded, it is not too much to say that the popular confidence in his discretion, vigilance and patriotic devotion to the cause of the Union, have ever been the hope and the consoling assurance of the land. In the many dark hours when official treachery and a disloyal ambition have cast a deep gloom upon patriotic hearts, his presence at the head of our military strength has afforded a cheering assurance of the ultimate safety of the Republic. Not even the anxiety with which the people watched the campaigns of '63, '4 and '5 could exceed the deep intensity of trusting hope with which their eyes have since steadily kept this man in view. They will now charge him with a greater power and higher responsibilities, and he will inaugurate his last and crowning triumph over Official Corruption and Public Unworthiness.

A DEMOCRAT in Meriden, Conn, excited by the election, demolished an opponent thus: "Ye needen't talk to me! I'll bet if you try ten years you can't make me equal to a nigger, no how you can fix it!" The point was visible.

THE AIMS OF MODERN DEMOCRACY

The peculiar demerit of the so-called Democratic party is that it latterly became a law-defying, law-breaking and revolutionary party. Of course it is in general unquiet, violent and aggressive, disturbing the national tranquility whenever an opportunity is presented, keeping the public mind continually agitated, and retarding our material prosperity to a degree scarcely realized by the people. Even before it broke into open rebellion it had racked the country by continued menace, and when at last it struck with a bloody hand at the national existence it seemed to us almost as desirable relief from the uncertainty and anxiety which had preceded the outbreak.

And if this bad party thus exhibited tendencies of a violent and revolutionary character, it was an additional reproach that the revolutionary action was always in the wrong direction—not by any means in unison with the superior enlightenment of the nineteenth century, but in direct antagonism with liberal and just ideas. Thus did it encourage and buttress human slavery until the foul institution was so swollen with folly and presumption that it assumed to govern the country with an absolute sway, and being curbed in that design only to a moderate degree essayed to destroy by force of arms the government itself.

Surely we had a right to expect that when the extreme issue was joined and the armies of the Democracy were defeated in the field to which they had invited our loyal soldiers, the mischievous and fatal controversy might be considered ended, and that all men might harmonize in cultivating the arts of peace, and developing the resources of this noble country. But, contrary to this reasonable expectation we find rebellion again endeavoring to raise its snaky head, and its northern allies once more appealing to the bad passions and violent impulses of the more reckless among its partisans. As if the combative propensities and hasty temper of Andrew Johnson were not of themselves sufficient to give us abundant trouble, we see Democrats whose position as editors or legislators should hold them back from any further excitement to treasonable action, advising this man of violence to appeal at once to the sword, and forcibly revolutionize the government by expelling Congress from the halls of legislation; or, to adopt the deliberate words of Judge Woodward, not uttered in the heat and hurry of current debate, but deliberately written down for express publication, to use the army and navy to "make an end of impeachment and impeachers."

By no means is this imprudent utterance of a man who by this time ought be a statesman instead of a partisan an exceptional case, as all our readers are well aware. Democratic editors and speakers continually indulge in the menaces, and to the extent of their ability prepare the way for future trouble. They openly advocate nullification of the laws by the President whenever he chooses to assume that these are unconstitutional; and as every other executive officer who has sworn to support the Constitution might with equal show of right refuse to enforce the laws, it is needless to portray the confusion and anarchy which must inevitably follow. Vainly do the anarchs plead that former Presidents have also nullified legal statutes. It was a grievous departure from duty to have done so, and by no means exonerates their successors who venture to tread in the same perilous path.

When we note these exhortations to renewed rebellion, and remember that Johnson himself officially declared that he was only dissuaded from nullifying all the Congressional reconstruction laws by fears of another civil war (meaning thereby a fear that he could not reckon upon our loyal soldiery to support his revolutionary designs,) we may calculate more accurately the dangers from which we have but narrowly escaped, and the absolute necessity now existing to keep the nullifying party out of power. That party still retains its baleful principle of State sovereignty and the right of secession. They are so imbued with ideas inimical to the right of man, that they would readily endow the President with absolute power if only he would aid them in frustrating the extension of universal suffrage. They continually urge the present incumbent of that high office to strike a blow for absolute despotism, and thus they keep the country in constant apprehension of wide spread convulsion. Most trully and emphatically may we declare that this modern Democracy, which belies the name, is the fearful Pandora's box whence issue more than a moiety of the ills which afflict the country.—*North American.*

WENDELL PHILLIPS in his speech before the Anti-Slavery Society Thursday said: "I would rather trust General Grant in the White House without a plat-form than Chief Justice Chase with the best platform that could be adopted, that is if he goes there in consequence of this plot of Fessenden and Trumbull, to checkmate the nation in order to put him there.

SOAK seed corn in strong tar water and roll in plaster to dry it, if you want the cut-worms and blackbirds to let it alone and save replanting.

GEN. GRANT AND SCHUYLER COLFAX SERENADED—SPEECHES BY THEM.

WASHINGTON, May 22, '68.—General Grant was serenaded this evening. After the band played "Hail to the Chief," calls were made for Grant, when he appeared at the door of his residence and was greeted with prolonged cheers.

Representative Boutwell, of Massachusetts, who was standing at his side, addressed him in terms expressive of gratification in his unanimous nomination by the Chicago Convention.

Gen. Grant said:

Gentlemen—Being entirely unaccustomed to public speaking, and without desire to cultivate that power, [laughter,] it is impossible for me to find appropriate language to thank you for this demonstration. All that I can say is this, that to whatever position I may be called by your will I shall endeavor to discharge its duties with fidelity and honesty of purpose. Of my rectitude in the performance of public duties you will have to judge for yourselves by my record before you.

Three cheers were then given for General Grant. Hundreds of the crowd then entered the house and congratulated the General.

COLFAX NEXT HONORED.

The procession then moved to the the residence of Speaker Colfax. Calls having been made for him, he appeared at the door of his residence in company with Representative Pike, of Maine, who in a few remarks introduced Mr. Colfax. The latter said: My friends, I thank you with all the emotions of a grateful heart for this flattering manifestation of your confidence and regard. I congratulate you on the auspicious opening of the eventful campaign on which we are entering. In the Chicago Convention, representing the entire continental area of the Republic, every State, every Territory, every district and delegation from ocean to ocean declared that their first and only choice for President was Ulysses S. Grant. [Great applause.] Brave and yet unassuming; reticent and yet when necessary firm as the eternal hills, [applause] with every thought and hope and aspiration for his country; with modesty only equalled by his merits, it is not extravagant for me to say that he is to-day the man of all other men in the land "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen." [Cheers and great applause.] His name is the very synonym of victory and he will lead the Union hosts to triumph at the polls as he lead the Union armies to triumph in the field. But greater even than the conquerer of Vicksburg and the destroyer of the rebellion, is the glorious inspiration of our noble principles, animated by the sublime truths of the Declaration of Independence. Our banner bears an inscription more magnetic than the names of its standard bearers, which the whole world can see as it floats to the breeze. "Liberty and loyalty, justice and public safety." Defying all prejudices we are for uplifting the lowly and protecting the oppressed. [Applause.] History records to the immortal honor of our organization that it saved the nation and emancipated a race. We struck the fetters from the limbs of the slave and lifted millions into the glorious sunlight of liberty; we placed the emancipated slave on his feet as a man and put into his right hand the ballot to protect his manhood and his rights. We staked our political existence on the reconstruction of the revolted States on the sure and eternal corner stone of loyalty, and we shall triumph. I know there is no holiday contest before us, but with energy and zeal, with principles that humanity will approve, and that I believe God will bless, we shall go through the contest conquering and to conquer, and on the fourth day of March next the people's champion will be borne by the people's votes to yonder White House, that, I regret to say, is now dishonored by its unworthy occupant. Then with peace and confidence we may expect our beloved country to enter upon a career of prosperity which shall eclipse the most brilliant annals of our past. I bid you God speed in this work. And now, good night.

Applause followed the conclusion of Mr. Colfax's speech, and the band played an appropriate air. Many persons in the crowd entered the dwelling and extended their congratulations.

WE reckon the chief among concert-going characters the young lady whose vocabulary consists of two words, "splendid" and "awful" neither of which is ever properly applied. She thinks Mr. Grunter's bass voice is "perfectly splendid," while Miss Piper's soprano is "perfectly awful." She was heard to say "splendid" eighty-five times at the performance of Romeo the other evening, while she said "awful" ten times. She never waits until the solo or concerted piece is through, but ejaculates her favorite adjectives loudly enough for everybody within six seats to hear her.

IT is said that General Dix is out of favor with Napoleon III, and that the Emperor does not speak to him unless he is compelled by some official necessity. The reason of this disagreement is believed to be the report that a great many Frenchmen had applied to General Dix's office to be naturalized as American citizens.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

The nominee for the Vice Presidency was born March 23rd, 1823, in the city of New York, the only son of a widowed mother. He came of an old revolutionary stock, his grand-father, General William Colfax, having been the commanding officer of Washington's life-guards through the war. The subject of this sketch received a common school education, and after three years service as a clerk in a store, removed, with his mother, to St. Joseph county, Indiana. For four years longer he was again a clerk; in his eighteenth year he was appointed deputy to the county Auditor and removed to South Bend. Commencing to write for the local press, in 1845 he became editor and proprietor of the *Register*, a South Bend journal, which soon became prosperous under his able management. Always a Whig, he became naturally a Republican. In 1851 he was nominated for Congress, but was beaten by a small majority. In 1855 he was re-nominated on the anti-Nebraska issue and elected by two thousand majority, and assisted to procure the election of Banks to the Speakership after a memorable contest of sixty days. His speech on the Kansas question at that session was considered of such ability that half a million copies were circulated in the canvass of that year. From that date to the present time, he has been successfully elected by large majorities. He was the loved and trusted friend of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, as he has ever enjoyed the confidence and admiration of the Republican party. In 1863 he was first chosen to the Speakership, and has since retained that position, acquiring a high reputation as a prompt and shrewd chairman and a skillful parliamentarian. Since that time, as before, he has been most favorably known to his countrymen, and has secured the most implicit confidence of the Republican party.

When he shall be Vice President, no Chief Magistrate will be assassinated to secure the elevation of a traitor to the Executive chair. That temptation will never make SCHUYLER COLFAX its tool. His legislative experience has admirably qualified him to preside over the Senate, while his political friends, the masses of his loyal countrymen, will never find their approbation undeserved or their confidence betrayed in whatever station he may be called to fill.

RESIGNATION OF SECRY STANTON.

WASHINGTON, May 26, 1868.—Immediately after hearing the result of the vote to-day, Secretary Stanton issued the following order to Adjuant General Townsend:

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26, 1868.

GENERAL: You will take charge of the War Department and books and papers, archives and public property belonging to the army, subject to the disposal and direction of the President, [Signed]

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

To Brevet Major Gen., E. D. Townsend, Assistant Adjutant General.

After directing the same to be delivered to General Townsend, he addressed the following letter to the President, and then, at the close of office hours for the day, withdrew from the War Department, and went to his residence.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., May 26, 1868.

SIR: The resolution of the Senate of the United States of the 21st of February, last, declaring that the President has no power to remove the Secretary of War and designate any other officer to perform the duties of that officer *ad interim*, having this day failed to be supported by two-thirds of the Senators present voting on the articles of impeachment prepared against you by the House of Representatives, I have relinquished charge of the War Department, and have left the same and the books, archives, and papers, and property heretofore in my custody as the Secretary of War, in care of Brevet Major General Townsend, the senior Assistant Adjutant General, subject to your direction.

[Signed] EDWIN M. STANTON.

To the President of the United States.

SAYS a Washington dispatch: The Democratic nomination talk has recently received new impetus. The Indiana Copperhead, D. W. Voorhees, is openly advocating Mr. Chase's nomination. He is at work industriously pushing the matter. Within a day or two the draft of a proposed Democratic platform has been submitted to both Chase and Andy Johnson, and received approval by both, the former making a few verbal alterations. It indulges in some generalities about slavery as no longer a living issue, and in a vague sort of a way indorses the Wade Hampton pretense of equal franchise, based on education and property for all newly made citizens. The rest of the draft denounces the reconstruction policy of Congress, leans strongly against protection, denounces high taxation, and demands universal amnesty.

IT is said that by depositing small bundles of wild peppermint in the holes or places infested by rats, it will drive them away.

WENDELL PHILLIPS ON IMPEACHMENT.

No matter what Mr. Justice Chase announces, thirty-five Senators out of fifty-four have pronounced President Johnson guilty. Poll the nation and seven out of every ten say Amen to that verdict. A technical rule of the Constitution—requiring a two-thirds vote—may save his office; but the judgment of the nation is recorded against him as a criminal. Thus far he leaves the tribunal set to try him, free from any punishment but infamy. The only difference between this and conviction is that, convicted, he would have gone forth bearing his disgrace alone. By this, which men call acquittal, he drags half a dozen Senators down with him to infamy. Liberty knows nothing but victories. Our whole success for thirty years past has been fed by just such defeats as this. The annexation of Texas, the compromise of 1850, Kansas trampled in blood, Bull Run, the second election of Lincoln, his murder; all these seeming defeats were victories in disguise. The traitors who plotted these "successes," were the only men who died by them. Polk, Seward, Pierce, Webster, Clay, and their fellow-conspirators, all died by their own hands.

In the light of such history we should read this hour. Men who walked then with proud scorn, now, hang their heads in the pity or contempt of the world, and are objects of the special hate of the parties they led to ruin. Poor Pierce and Buchanan stood as vainglorious and flattered, vaunting their "consciences" as loudly in days gone by, as Trumbull and Fessenden do to-day. One may fancy those half-forgotten wretches, rising up from their living tombs at Lancaster and Concord, to cry out to these fresh comrads, "Are ye to become like unto us?"—while Marshfield and Ashland, scorning such fellowship, proudly claim that if they fell, they at least fell before temptations of a more decent level.

We care comparatively little for the results of this acquittal at the North. It only intensifies a little the atonement we deservedly pay for our long complicity with the slave power. A little more business prostration, a little more suffering by the laboring classes; and we have all richly deserved a hundred times as much. But when we think of the unsheltered heads of Southern loyalists, white and black; when we think of this Pacha of Assassins again let loose; of Andersonville reopened; then, putting Fessenden and Trumbull's name side by side with the infamous ones of Lee and Davis and handing them down, blood-stained, to the loathing of history, we cannot but remember that those arch fiends of Mississippi and Virginia were angered to that horrible revenge by the defeat of a great revolution which they had nursed for years. But these, their mean allies from Maine and Illinois, steep the South in the murder, from motives which make even treason additionally contemptible. We beg pardon even of Lee and Davis for associating such despicable crime with theirs.

We never supposed Fessenden would vote for impeachment. His associates long ago charged him with such shameless and greedy nepotism as shocked even the corruption of Washington; prostituting his high place to crowd hungry kinsmen into office. Whether this be true or not, we have no means of knowing. But the Senator whose character was such that his comrades could even so suspect him would, of course, be wholly unable to stand the pressure of an hour like this. Such a man's speeches are the last source we should resort to for a measure of his motives. We will read his argument the moment any man will show us the slightest reason for supposing that it had the least influence on his opinion.

ADVICE GRATIS.—In preaching be short and lively. Load up before you enter the sacred desk; announce your text, when the time comes, with distinctness, and dash right into the discussion. Fire at point blank range. Keep your eyes on the drowsy hearer until he becomes wide awake. Hold the children and those restless young folks under good command. Give a portion to the aged ones, who try so hard to catch every syllable you utter, and, under some modern pulpit orators, lose about half. Stir all the people! Shake off dull sloth, in manner and tone. Be in earnest—tremendously in earnest! Time is passing; eternity is near; judgment is at the door! Make an impression, if you can, inside of thirty minutes; if not, ask God to give His blessing and—close.

REV. ALBERT BARNES is suffering from a renewed and serious difficulty in his eyes, which threatens total blindness. He has been obliged to write with the aid of a machine, such as was used by Mr. Prescott. His blindness is not yet total; but there are alarming indications, increasing rather than diminishing, that he may yet become, like so many other literary laborers—a blind old man.

To drive weevils away, sprinkle salt on the timbers and about the mows and granaries.

EVERY man should paddle his own canoe. The great difficulty is to get the canoe.

The Waynesburg Republican.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX,
OF INDIANA.

STATE.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Of Montgomery County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
Col. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
Of Cambria County.

DISTRICT.

FOR CONGRESS,
CAPT. J BENTON DONLEY,
Of Greene County,
Subject to the action of the 24th District Conference.

COUNTY.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
GEORGE G. MILLER, ESQ.,
Of Dunkard Township.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
THOMAS J. PENN, ESQ.,
Of Washington Township.

FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
THOMAS ROSS, ESQ.,
Of Morgan Township.

FOR AUDITOR,
HENRY W. TAYLOR, ESQ
Of Jackson Township.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Aleppo township—A. J. Hinerman, C. Hughes,
Cumberland tp—T. L. Cummins, Josiah Gwynn,
Carmichaels Boro.—J. C. Burnett, J. N. Crago,
Centre township—James Call, John Rogers, Jr.
Dunkard township—Capt. Coon, Aaron Shelby.
Franklin township—S. W. Scott, Lycurgus Grim
Gilmore township—J. B. Fortyce, J. L. Sampson.
Greene township—J. H. Morris, S. Herrington.
Jackson township—P. M. Grimes, S. P. Bayard.
Jefferson township—Chas. Hughes, Jno. Cotterel
Jefferson Borough—Wm. Martin, B. B. Smith.
Marion township—D. Adams.....
Monongahela tp.—D. R. Jones, P. L. Kramer.
Morgan tp.—J. C. Buckingham, John Greenlee.
Morris township—James Dunn, M. C. Lightner.
Perry township—John A. Billingsly, J. W. Long.
Richhill township—Dr. Reil, J. Walton.
Springhill township—E. Ferrell, T. H. Meighen.
Washington township—T. J. Penn, Geo. Keighey.
Wayne township—M. Brant, Josephus Kent.
Whitely township—Owen Hudson, C. P. Morris.
JNO. H. WELLS, Marion tp.
Chairman.

DEMOCRACY VERSUS THE BLUE.

If there be any soldiers in Greene County whose minds hitherto have been so biased that they could not see that the Democratic party was inimical to their claims, we ask their candid attention whilst we analyze the vote of that party on Saturday last:

For the office of Assemblyman, there were five candidates. *Two* of them never performed any military service, and during the late war of the rebellion, opposed almost every measure and every act which the friends of the Union army proposed, either for its encouragement, its comfort or its success. True, these two have been loyal to their party, but to their party only, and abjectly thus.

The other *three* had worn the Blue and had done actual service, in person, for their country and their country's cause, on the ensanguined fields of battle. One did distinguished service as an army Surgeon, and, doubtless, many a living brave, this day, owes his life to his skill and attention. One, by his exalted patriotism and heroism, won for himself the proud position of Captain of his company, shedding his blood profusely and receiving wounds that have seriously crippled him for life. The other was a Lieutenant and was taken a prisoner. This, in brief, is the status of the five candidates in relation to the late war for the Union, and be believe fairly stated.

No one, we presume, will have the unblushing hardihood, to assert any superiority of qualification of the two citizens over the three soldiers, either in respect to integrity, respectability, or intellectual sagacity.

Now, in what estimation are these men held by the Democratic party that falsely and perfidiously styles itself the soldiers' friend? Let the vote of last Saturday give the emphatic answer. So far as there seemed to be any actual contest, it lay between the two anti-war men, both of whom more than distanced either of the "Boys in Blue." Disguise it as you may, it was this military feature that made up the exclusive issue in the race. It has been ever thus in Democratic Greene since the war began. The Court House Clique, the Knights of the Golden Circle, the White Boys and the Ku Klux Klan, all preferring the Rebel Gray to the Union Blue and taking their cue from the teachings of the *La Crosse Democrat* have said in their nightly conclaves, "let it be so," and behold, it is so! Look at it! We ask every soldier in Greene County to view it with an impartial eye. Scan it closely; fathom it!

In Greene county, where a nomination is equivalent to an election, no volunteer soldier stands a shadow of a chance for office. They have set the ban upon the Blue and sealed it there. They grant only the poor prerogative of belonging to the party and voting with it, and ask of you to consider this as a privilege rather than a right; and require of you a hearty condemnation of your own gallant deeds and a humiliating apology for having performed them. Your military glory is their shame.

The three soldier candidates on Saturday last received very few votes, save from personal friends and relatives, beyond what were polled by their comrades in arms. One of them has now made two honest but unsuccessful efforts to obtain a recognition of his just claims, and we trust that he and the other gallant soldiers who expect to act with the Democratic party will be content with unobtrusive privacy, for he who does not perceive and recognize the glaring truth, that having been a Union soldier, is an impediment to Democratic preferment, is either blind or determined not to look!

PROGRESS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Telegraphic dtspatches report the completion of 600 miles of the Union Pacific Railroad. The rapidity with which this railroad has been constructed is without precedent in all the history of railroad enterprises. Two years ago, only 40 miles had been built, and yet, at the close of the working season of 1867, 540 miles were in active operation. Through the winter months an accumulation of material for extending the road gave promise of renewed vigor this year, and the fact that 60 miles have been built and equipped since the frost was so far out of the ground as to admit of track laying, shows that that promise will be fulfilled. An immense force of laborers—about ten thousand men—is at work under skillful leadership, and before the end of the season, at least 350 more miles will be added to the completed distance. There will then be finished more than 900 miles west from Omaha, or more than one-half the distance to Sacramento. The summit of the Rocky Mountains, the highest point upon the entire line, has been surmounted and left in the rear by the builders, and the industrial army is now on the western slope toward the Great Salt Lake.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company, which are doing this great work, are offering for sale their First Mortgage Bonds at par and accrued interest from January 1st, in currency. They are for $1,000 each, have thirty years to run, pay six per cent, gold interest, and principal as well as interest is payable in gold. These Bonds are issued only as the road progresses. The government loans, to aid in building the road, United States Bonds to the following amounts: $16,000 per mile from the Missouri to the Rocky Mountains, a distance of about 526 miles; $48,000 per mile for the 150 miles through the mountains, and $32,000 per mile thereafter. The Company are then authorized to issue their own Bonds to an equal amount, and no more. During last year, about twelve million dollars of these Bonds were sold, based upon the number of miles completed. The entire line to the Pacific will be completed in 1870, when the traffic and profit of the road must be immense.

The Company's Bonds have unusual provisions for security. The charter granted by Congress makes them a *First Mortgage* upon the entire line, taking precedence even of the government's claim, the latter holding a second lien as security for its advance. The receipts from way business already show a remarkably successful operation of the line. During the eight months ending December 31, 1867, the net earnings were more than three times the interest upon the Company's Bonds, and the traffic must be greatly increased as the road progresses.

ADJOURNED SINE DIE.

On Tuesday the 22d inst., the Court of Impeachment met and voted on the 2d and 3d articles with the same result as the vote on the 11th article, and adjourned *sine die*. In a legal sense, Andrew Johnson is therefore virtually acquitted of the charges preferred against him. But it is noticeable, and the people will mark it, that while 19 Senators voted his acquittal, THIRTY-FIVE SENATORS VOTED FOR HIS CONVICTION. The people will also note the fact that it required just 19 votes to acquit and the *exact* number, and no more, were found; and the people will require Messrs. Trumbull, Fowler, Henderson, Van Winkle and Ross to reconcile their votes on the final issue, with the untiring influence they previously exerted to have articles of impeachment preferred. The people are a tribunal to which this question is now appealed, and of which it does not require a two-third vote to secure a righteous verdict.

INCORRECT.

A "Friend of Tinth" in his late correspondence in the *Messenger* intimates that Dr. Miller was the author of the article in the *Republican* two weeks ago signed "Veritas." In justice to Dr. Miller, we are constrained to say that he did not write that article, and we are assured that he knew nothing about its publication.

MR. G. W. K. MINOR has withdrawn from the contest for the Republican nomination for Congress in the 21st district. We believe this gives Mr. COVODE a clear field.

THE McCool-Coburn prize fight did not come off, as both parties were arrested and sent to jail for forty days—the best possible result.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

CINCINNATI, O.
May, 27th, 1867.

DEAR REPUBLICAN:—In my last I promised to write of the two Conventions held in Chicago last week. I feel now that all I could say upon the subject would be superfluous. The daily papers have already enlightened you, in full and elaborate reports, of their harmonious workings and the enthusiasm which characterized them. Corroberation by an eye witness will hardly intensify.

On the night of the 21st I "scattered" and by dint of rough riding, the next evening reached Cincinnati eight hours behind time, having narrowly escaped running into a wrecked train forty miles out from Chicago. This was delay No. 2, but for fear of losing count I, perhaps, had best make no note of it. Down through Indiana the Convention was much talked of and seemed to give universal satisfaction, not only among Indianians but numerous expressions from men representatives of all parts of the Union.—At some points shouts for Grant and Colfax greeted the arrival of the train, guns were fired and various demonstrations of joy made. The unanimity with which Grant was chosen has but one precedent in the history of our country and the settled state of politics since his nomination makes his election almost a foregone conclusion. Schuyler Colfax his worthy associate is said to be, by those who know him, emphatically the right man in the place. Of Rads—radical, *not fanatical*, firm yet mild mannered. His record is irreproachable. It is not strange, then, the great West will roll up formidable majorities for their champions and that Copperhead faces have begun to assume the elongated shapes of '65. There remains no cause now, why they should not open a fire in the rear. "The illustrious-conservative-soldier" phrase will be apt to be discarded by conservative journals in referring to Grant in the future and I think they should be well satisfied by this time that "the radicals *will* touch him with a forty-foot pole." Hot shot and shell is nothing compared with the political bombardment the Democratic party will receive this summer and if the guns of the Union are not effective, it is not because there are not efficient crews to work them, for I can assure you the old soldiers will man the pieces and all that will be required is the hearty support of those citizens of the North who gave them comfort and aid during the rebellion. Let us hope that all who considered the crisis vital in '61 will again rally to a common standard to battle for a similar end—the saving of the nation from traitor hands. But, politics aside for a short time.

If I spoke disparagingly before of the middle and upper part of the State of Indiana, I can perhaps make amends by paying humble tribute to the southern end which I passed through. The branch of the road which leaves the Chicago and Great Eastern at Hagerstown and winds down the valleys of the White and Miami rivers to the Ohio within thirteen miles of Cincinnati, passes through a country well settled and developed, and possessed in appearance and quality of every element conducive to husbandry and neccessarily of wealth. Farms are clean looking, generally speaking the farm houses and out-buildings good. Many broad acres are turned up by the plow. Wheat stands thick and rank, oats well up and the corn has pushed itself out of ground. To my inquiries concerning the fruit I received cheering answers. The valley seemed very Elysian for the husbandman. I made no note of any mineral resources, but for excellent timber there seemed to be a good demand and no end to the supply. Nearing the city of Cincinnati from the South, skirting the shores of the Ohio, my attention was attracted by the vineyards for which this country has a notoriety. They have a flourishing appearance and from the number of fine residences attached to them I imagine the owners are well-to-do in the business. The southern slopes of the Ohio valley are well adapted to the cultivation of the grape. In the city there are not many lions to "do." I visited the water-works, crossed the great suspensions bridge—I believe the largest span in the United States, went to the Art Gallery, visited the races, now in full blast, looked into their rolling mills and founderies, etc., but found nothing that would especially interest your readers. The boating interest at present is dead, and but for the prize fight between Coburn and McCoole, which comes off to-day, there would be no ripple on the surface of every-day affairs. This last has attracted to the city an immense concourse of roughs and bullies from all sections of the nation much to the chagrin of peaceable citizens and the shame of the law. Local politics have cooled down since the Convention is over and Impeachment subsided, and on Change, appearances are for the better. Of the city itself my impressions are good. Though shorn of its prestige by the collapse of the cotton trade it still manages to keep above water and with its suburban villages presents one of the most picturesque and attractive localities I ever saw. Of the manners and customs of its residents there are no peculiarties to be pointed out from those of other great cities, yet I imagine the free and easy Germans, if transported suddenly into our quiet rural retreats in Pennsylvania, would make a commotion among Good Templars and religious denominations who are zealous in their observance of the Sabbath day. It is not unfrequent to hear full bands of brass music at the head of gorgeously decorated wagons in processions, filled with gaily attired men, women, boys and girls, mingling their notes with the chimes of the church bells as they parade the streets preparatory to spending a Sabbath in the country. They choose that day especially for pic-nic excursions, riding, driving and the indulgence of a gala time. In the evening their beer gardens resound with many strains of music, the clink of glasses, song and laugh, men and women, boys and maidens, mingling indiscriminately. All, however, without disturbances or much intoxication. I am almost inclined to think with Bayard Taylor that true happiness is only felt by our rubicund Teuton citizens, who, as a class are the flower of foreigners—true lovers of "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

Yours,
J. E. S.

EXPLAINING.

When one commits a palpable wrong, nothing can relieve him of the odium till he goes on the stool of repentance and makes a clean breast of it in honest confession. To attempt to explain it away, is only adding insult to injury and damaging the cause. Senator Ross occupied an hour of the Senate on Wednesday in a fruitless endeavor to explain his vote on impeachment. His excuses were so trivial, his professions so vague and his prate of conscience so empty, that it all only serves to confirm and deepen the public conviction. His own admission self-condemns him, and he has, doubtless, already realized that a rogue's profoundest wisdom consists in maintaining silence; for he who takes a bribe will falsely swear.

WILL the *Messenger* men please cease calling us "better looking." We really do not feel worthy of wearing the mantle of the editor in this respect. When applied to "Jim," the appellation has no point but simple fact, but when applied to us the *sarcasm* is too keen to be comfortable. It would relieve us very much indeed if the *Messenger* could husband its compliments till "Jim" returns. SUB.

GENERAL GRANT'S REPLY.

When Gov. Hawley and his associates on the Committee formally notified Gen. Grant of his nomination by the Chicago Convention, he replied as follows:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the National Union Convention: I will endeavor in a very short time to write you a letter accepting the trust you have imposed upon me. (Applause.) Expressing my gratitude for the confidence you have placed in me. I will now say but little orally, and that is to thank you for the unanimity with which you have selected me as a candidate for the Presidential office. I can say, in addition, I looked on during the proceedings at Chicago with a great deal of interest, and am gratified with the harmony and unanimity which seemed to have governed the deliberations of the Convention. If chosen to fill the high office for which you have selected me, I will give to its duties the same energy, the same spirit, and the same will that I have given to the performance of all duties which have devolved on me heretofore. Whether I shall be able to perform these duties to your entire satisfaction, time will determine. You have truly said in the course of your address that I shall have no policy of my own to interfere against the will of the people.

As the General concluded his speech there was long and continued applause.

Gen. Scofield's Nomination to the War Office Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The Senate in Executive session to-day resumed the consideration of the nomination of General Scoffield to be Secretary of War. The debate was confined to the preamble and resolution introduced yesterday, as follows:

WHEREAS, The order of the President removing Secretary Stanton from office was unconstitutional and illegal, but on account of Mr. Stanton having on Tuesday relinquished said office, therefore

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of Gen. Scofield.

There was not a full Senate, but the parties separated on the preamble as they did on the impeachment articles, while the vote on the resolution itself was without such distinction. Both the preamble and resolution were adopted, and therefore Gen. Scofield is confirmed as Secretary of War.

The terms of the seven Republican Senators voting "not guilty" on the eleventh article of impeachment expire as follows: Fessenden, of Maine, 1871; Fowler of Tennessee, 1871; Grimes, of Iowa, 2871; Henderson, of Missouri, 1869; Ross, of Kansas, 1871; Trumbull, of Illinois, 1872; Van Winkle, of West Virginia, 1869.

A DISPATCH from Lake City, Fla, says that a few days ago nearly two acres of ground, on a farm in Hamilton county, suddenly sank to a depth of fifty feet from the surface of the surrounding land, filling with water and submerging the tallest trees. It is still sinking, and the area now covers four acres.

Ex-Governor Hawley, of Connecticut, Chairman of the late Chicago Convention, formally notified Gen. Grant and Mr. Colfax of the action of that body in nominating them for the Presidency and vice Presidency. They both promised to write letters and formally accept the honor conferred.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Address From the State Central Committee—An Appeal to All Good Citizens.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27, 1868.
To the Voters of Pennsylvania:

The National Convention of the Republican party, with a unanimity and enthusiasm unprecedented, has nominated candidates for President and Vice President and announced the principles upon which they appeal to the people for support. As to the individuals selected no word of commendation is necessary. Their deeds form a part of the history of the country.

No matter who the candidates in opposition may be, they must represent on organization that was unfaithful to the country in the hour of its direst peril and false to liberty and the rights of man.

For four years the Republic shook with the tread of armed men in a struggle to determine whether the will of the majority constitutionally expressed should be the law of the land till changed in the mode prescribed by the organized law. In that struggle three thousand millions of treasure were wasted—three hundred thousand hero-martyrs found in our ransomed soil their graves, and sorrow sits today at almost every fireside, mourning the unreturning brave.

This waste of treasure and legacy of woe was caused by the minority, in a fair election, refusing to submit to the will of the majority constitutionally expressed. Suspended on the issue hung the life of the republic and the hopes of mankind.

The only political organization to give aid, sympathy, and encouragement to that minority in its attempt to dismember the Republic and thus destroy our liberties, was the party calling itself Democratic. At its last National Convention, while half a million of men were in arms for the overthrow of the Government, it declared the war for the Union a failure, and demanded an immediate cessation of hostilities.

"We were asked to spike our guns when the foe was at bay,
And the rags of his black banner were dropping away,
To take down the proud name our nation had won,
And strike her bravest jewel from his home in the sun."

Had the policy of the Democratic party been successful, the genius of impartial history would have written on the tombstone of the present generation an epitaph of indelible, unfading and endless disgrace—that it preferred the Republic should die rather than endure the sacrifices necessary for it to live.

The men and the party that saved the Government in war can preserve and protect it in peace. The great captain of the age will lead the loyal hosts of the Republic to victory in November next, as he led its armies at Donelson, Vicksburg and Appomattox Court House.

Republicans of the Keystone State, efficient organization secures certain victory. Your party in its infancy saved the territories of the Union from the blight and curse of human bondage, and consecrated them forever to free homes and free men. In its early manhood it has grappled and crushed the most gigantic conspiracy ever formed for the destruction of liberty and free government. Treachery of public servants or apostasy of trusted leaders cannot stay its onward march.

With truth and justice for weapons and the hearts of the people for a bulwark, if true to yourselves, a certain victory awaits you.

"The price of liberty is eternal vigilance." GALUSHA A. GROW,
Chairman State Cen. Rep. Com.

THE change by the Washington *Republican*, which has been a moderate supporter of Andrew Johnson, to Grant and Colfax, is one among a hundred other indications of the drift of popular sentiment.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE is coming back to America. He would be a good Democratic candidate for Vice President with Pendleton.

BUTLER beats Barnum out and out as a sensationalist. The "Woolly Hoss" affair is no where beside the Woolley-Ross affair.

We think the President's plea should be that of the criminal, who, when asked the question, "Guilty, or not Guilty," answered, guilty, but drunk."

TOM FLORENCE, of more notoriety than renown, is to run for the place of Congressman Randall of Philadelphia.

MR. JOHNSON did not pay Mr. Evarts and fee, rightly Judging that his argument had nothing to do with his acquittal.

THE Sultan of Morocco is likely to be deposed, as he is too lazy to sit on his throne.

THE wheat crops of Virginia and North Carolina are very promising.

CHICAGO has sixteen elevators, with a capacity of nine million bushels.

JOHN BURNS, of Gettysburg fame, has been struck with paralysis.

DAVENPORT, the actor, has arrived in San Fransisco.

A SYRACUSAN is raising mushrooms scientifically.

SPEAKER COLFAX is a short man forty-two years old.

PRINCE NAPOLEON is about to visit Constantinople.

PRINCE ALFRED, of England, has composed a waltz.

It is known that the President has been advised both by his counsel and by prominent Democratic politicians, since acquittal, to act during the summer and fall with great caution, and it is not believed he will at present indulge in any very violent executive vagaries. So says a Washington special.

CLEVELAND, O., May 29.—The Supreme Court this evening decided the visible admixture bill passed by the Legislature unconstitutional.

New Advertisements.

WM. BIGHAM, JR., 70 *Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* REPUBLICAN, *in thatcity.*

600 MILES

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

RAILROAD

Are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of the track have been laid this spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all that energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

GREAT NATIONAL WORK,

at the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive:

I.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

II.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of 12,000 acre of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

III.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest, but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

IV.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the U. S. Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and NO MORE. THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class Railroad, laid with a heavy Trail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, car-shops, locomotives, cars, &c.

V.—A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION from the stockholders, of which OVER EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

VI.—NET CASH EARNINGS on its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through traffic that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove the

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

upon such property, costing nearly three times their amount,

ARE SECURE BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company have abundant means in their treasury, and make no appeal to the public to purchase their Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are entirely satisfactory; but they submit that, for entire security and liberal returns, there is certainly no better investment in the market.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for $1,000 each and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's Office in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The Principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of

NEARLY NINE PER CENT,

AND IT IS BELIEVED THAT THEY WILL SOON BE AT A PREMIUM.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price of their bonds to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Parties subscribing will remit the par value of the bonds and the accrued interest in currency at the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions will be received in Waynesburg, Pa., BY THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

In New York
AT THE COMPANY'S OFFICE, 20 Nassau St. and by
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, 59 Wall St.
And by the Company's Advertising Agents throughout the United States.

Remittences should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP for 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the progress of the work, the resources of the country traversed by the Road, the means for construction, and the value of the bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's offices or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
June 3, '68-4t.

WOOL CARDING

ON

TEN MILE CREEK!

J. H. DEBOLT

Would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to

CARD WOOL

on the shortest notice and in the best style, at the

TEN MILE MILLS,

Two Miles below Rogersville. He defies competition, and feels confident of satisfying and accommodating all who may favor him with their patronage. Price 75 cents per pound.

He is also prepared to grind all kinds of Grain on short notice and in the best manner by both steam and water. JNO. H. DEBOLT
June 3, '68-1m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Amos Enoch, late of Marion township, Greene county, dec'd., notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JONAS ELY,
June 3, '68-6t. Executor.

MILLINERY SHOP.

MRS. CAROLINE EDMISTON,

Can be found at her old stand west end of town, still carrying on the Millinery business. All kinds of goods in this line can be purchas here
June 3, '68-tf.

New Advertisements.

THE MAMMOTH CIRCUS
AND
MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS

Will Exhibit in WAYNESBURG for one day, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1868.

HEMMINGS, COOPER AND WHITBY'S

AMERICAN CIRCUS.

Great American Exposition Circus and Trained Animals.

OPENING OF THE GREAT CAMPAIGN.

The Grandest Spectacle of American Enterprise Ever Presented!

Institution Two Entire Years Perfecting its Organization!

Resources of both Hemispheres brought into Requisition!

Trained Animals from every Quarter of the Globe!

Equestrian, Gymnastic, Acrobatic Talent Selected from the Highest Schools of Art!

Exhibiting all the Refinements of Athletic Culture, under the Direction of the Most Accomplished Masters of the Age!

The Great American Exposition Floats Everywhere upon the Gale of Popular Favor.

It has no Rival on Either Continent!

In the Living Tableau which leads the Grand Procession in Town on the day of Exhibition, a full description of which will be found in the bills, is a young and beautifully formed full sized AFRICAN LION, uncaged, and surrounded by the groups of Ladies forming the Tableau, under the perfect control of Madame Du Nord, the Lion Queen.

THE TRAINED ANIMAL STOCK!

Conspicuous among the attractions offered in the Trained Animal Department, is the Diminutive and Intelected

FAIRY ELEPHANT TITANIA!

The Smallest, Handsomest and most Docile of her species. The little elephant will be exercised in a variety of curious and sagacious feats, by her juvenile instructress Miss SUSIE WHITBY.

THREE BEAUTIFUL AFRICAN LIONS!

Taken from their native wilds while quite young, and thoroughly trained in all those terrible feats and exercises, by the renowned

LION-QUEEN, MADAME DU NORD!

This lady will enter the den of these majestic and formidable creatures, where, with a glance of her courageous eye, or a motion of hand, she holds them in perfect subjection, charmed and spell-bound; causing them to perform a variety of appalling gymnastics, with the utmost confidence and security. These splendid Lions were recently purchased at the Jardines des Plants, Paris, at an enormous cost, and form one of the most interesting features contained in this Trained Animal Exhibition.

THE MANEGE HORSES!
PERFORMING PONIES!

Mrs. HEMMINGS and Mr. H. WHITBY, are at the head of this interesting department. Among the treasures of the Manege is the celebrated trotting horse HAWKEYE STATE, taught by H. Whitby and the admirably instructed trick pony BUTTERFLY; Mrs. Hemmings' superb filly, CLEOPATRA; the great steeple chaser CHAMPION. Besides a beautiful stock supplementary to the foregoing, all trained to perform those beautiful and difficult exercises in waltzing, dancing, marching, forming attitudes, and other wonderful feats of sagacity and high training. Most of these horses and ponies have been selected from the first menageries of Europe—some even claiming their pedigree from the Royal mews of England, and the imperial stable of St. Petersburgh.

THE TRAINED HYBRIDS!

The curiously taught mules BOLT and BUNSEY, will be put through a course of antics by the Clowns. Among the collection of hybrids here exhibited are two of the smallest specimens of the mule species ever seen. They have recently arrived here from Chili and Peru. Another curiosity of the mule kind is the jumping hybrid, SAM PATCH, who vaults over a whole troop of other mules and ponies without the smallest effort.

THE SHETLAND PONIES AND THEIR MONKEY RIDERS.

A regular minute steeple-chase will be introduced, costumed and appareiled in full jocky style in which the exciting sports of hurdle-jumping, and five bar leaping will be performed by the troop of Ponies, mounted by their Monkey riders in full cry.

MATCH FOR THE CUP!

TOM THUMB, the smallest equestrian living, and MISS SUSIE WHITBY, will compete on their Dwarf Ponies for the Prize Cup, in a Lilliputian Race.

☞No animal attached to the "American Exposition" will be placed upon exhibition, that has not been thoroughly trained to take some part in the exercises—there is no useless stock carried about to encumber the exhibition, or annoy the spectators.

THE GYMNASTIC CORPS!

Headed by Messrs. Miller, Theodore and Whittoney, the

TROUPE OF CLOWNS!

Led by John Foster, Whittoney and King.

The following list comprises the principal performers belonging to this Company:

GYMNASTIC EXPLOITS.
By Miller, Theodore and Whittoney.

SCHOOL OF LADY RIDING,
By Mrs. R. Hemmings.

THE FOSTER SISTERS!
Youngest Equestriennes in the Profession.

MISS SUSIE WHITBY!
Leading Juvenile Equestrienne of America.

JAMES HEMMING,
The Ascentionist.

MR. RICHARD HEMMINGS,
First Sommersault Rider. Tight-Rope performer, Hurdle Rider, &c.

THE THREE CLOWNS!
Foster, Whittoney and King.

CHAS. KING'S FOUR-HORSE ACT

☞This immense Procession will enter town at ten o'clock in the morning, on the day of Exhibition.

DOORS OPEN AT 1 AND 7 P. M.
Admission 50 Cts. Children Under 9 Years 25 Cts

WILL EXHIBIT AT

Waynesburg, Saturday June 13, 1868.
CARMICHAELS,
Friday, June 12, 1868.
WASHINGTON,
Monday, June 15, 1868.

F. L. COULLOCK,
June 3-2t Business Agent.

The Waynesburg Republican.

NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.—Attorneys will be held responsible for Paper Books, Advertising and Job Work, ordered by them and not paid for in advance. Such bills to be collectable on demand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

☞Union Pacific Railroad.
☞American Circus—Hemmings, Cooper, and Whitby.
☞Wool Carding—Jno. H. Debolt.
☞Executor's Notice—Jonas Ely.
☞Millinery Shop—Mrs. Caroline Edmiston.

WHAT are the best United States securities? Votes for General Grant.

FREEDOM of the press—Snatching a kiss from a pretty woman in a crowd.

A SUPERIOR article of fine Family Flour, manufactured at Oak Forest Mills, from No. 1 Wheat—now on hand and for Sale at N. H. McClelland's Grocery Store.

OUR citizens can now have a five months opportunity to see how much needed is a railroad up the valley. They should have a strong motive to push the matter—a locomotive.

A NOVEL MOVEMENT.—On Thursday last the denizens of High Street were all agog as the Dulany Boys and Tom Kent drove their huge train along, drawing a full fledged frame dwelling.

ANOTHER DISCOVERY—That D. Shirk has a No 1 stock of Men's, Women's, Boys' and Misses' boots, shoes and slippers. People would do well to examine them before making their purchases in this line.

ARRIVED THIS WEEK.—A fine assortment of millinery goods, ladies' dress caps, hats and bonnets, Children's hats &c., &c. Prompt attention to all kinds of millinery work by Mrs Caroline Edmiston.

WE have on our table the Monthly June Copy of "Arthur's Home Magazine." This is one of the choice specimens of literature for a family circle. No better can be for a mother whose chief desire is the proper training of her children.

CAVED IN.—The old Ledwith Stable, a frame structure of huge timbers that has weathered the storms of full fifty winters, gave in to the pressure of time, one day last week and is now a complete but filthy wreck Let its remains be speedily removed

LOCAL HISTORY.—It is recently coming to light that Solomon Spaulding, who lived and died at Amity, Washington Co., Pa., about a half century ago, wrote a romance for his own amusement which Joe Smith secured and perverted into the Mormon Bible; Hence the origin of Mormanism is no longer a myth

A RELIC OF ANTIQUITY.—Says the *Pitts. Gazette*: yesterday while workmen were digging an excavation for a new cellar a cut stone foundation of fine workmanship was struck, which puzzled the oldest natives to account for. This was sixty feet from surface, the hill which stood there having been graded away.

NOW FOR BARGAINS—THE RICHEST CHANCE YET—For the next ten days, EVANS & MINOR propose to sell to cash buyers, their splendid assortment of goods at extremely low prices preparatory to going East for an entire new stock. Prints Delaines and many other articles will be sold at original cost. They mean exactly what they say. Call and see.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.—Two townships are unofficial, but official and reported majorities give Sedgwick two of a majority over McConnell. Yet it is thought by many that the unofficial townships will yet be manipulated by a certain old Stager so as to nominate McConnell by about three votes!

ASSEMBLY—Joseph Sedgwick.
COM.—Michael McClellan.
P. H. DIRECTOR—Alpheus M. Temple.
AUDITOR—Simon Rinehart.

WISELY ORDERED.—The Dry Good, Clothing and Boot & Shoe Stores of Waynesburg have mutually agreed to close their respective places of business at 8 o'clock each evening (Saturday excepted) during the summer. This is, doubtless a wise arrangment. Merchants and their employees need recreation, and it will effect nobody's interest except the constitutional loafer, who, if it send him to spend the evenings in the bosom of his family will be much benefited.

RUNAWAY.—On Saturday last just as the decorating procession was forming in front of the Public Square, an infuriated mule, attached to a vehicle in which the driver lay prostrate, Mazeppa-like, dashed up street through the crowd with all the vengeance at his command. An attempt was made to stop his wild career but he charged madly on, bouncing his driver into the street and smashing things generally. Sequel, nobody hurt, but somebody desperately frightened and a little how-come-you-so! He ought to have been "sent up."

"POOR TOM'S A'COLD."

How warm soe'er the genial sun
May look in kindness on the earth
In Tom Jone's veins no cheering warmth
Dispels the gloomy sorrow of his soul.
Dyspepsia, like a goblin, hunts him down,
Agne. grim chamberlain, lights him to bed,
While Dullness, Vertigo, and Headache dire
With fiercer aches combine to make him groan.
Harken, Thomas to instruction.
For all thy ills a remedy is found
A Panacea, certain, pleasant, sure,
PLANTATION BITTERS—S. T.—1860—X.,
A wondrous tonic, made by Dr. Drake.

We presume "poor Tom's" case is not worse than hundreds who are cured daily by this wonderful medicine.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet articles—superior to Cologne and at half the price

TERRIBLE FATALITY.—We learn with deep regret that VINCENT LONG, a youth about 14 years old, son of Eli long, Esq., of Muddy Creek, came to his death under the following shocking circumstances;

On Thursday morning last he got on a colt to ride to school. A short time after, he was found about three fourths of a mile from home lying in the road "dead," having his thigh broken and fatal internal injuries. The inference is that he was thrown violently from the colt. He was an only son, we believe, and therefore the bereavement of the parents is most sadly intensified.

This sad event will bring to the minds of many the fact that a few years ago, Mr. Eli Long's brother Vincent had a son, about the same age killed in much the same manner whose name was Eli.

For the REPUBLICAN.

HONORS PAID TO THE COUNTRY'S DEAD.—MR. EDITOR: Will you grant me a small space in your paper, for a short sketch of the ceremonies attending the decoration of the graves of the patriotic dead of our town and vicinity, which occurred on Saturday, 30th ultimo? Prompted by the sacred feelings of affection, springing from personal friendship patriotism and gratitude combined, and laying aside all differences of political opinions, the surviving soldiers of the war, the ladies and citizens of our town and vicinage, united in this labor of love. Having assembled at the Court House, at 2 o'clock, P. M., each one bringing his or her offering of flowers, tastefully formed into boquets, wreaths, crosses, hearts, shields, &c., the procession was formed by the marshals, J. Jackson Furman, Robert Adams and William Hays, as follows:

1. National Brass Band
2. Chaplain and Speaker.
3. Soldiers preceeded by color-bearer, Joseph Cooke, with flag at half-mast.
4. Citizens, preceded by ladies with flowers.

On arriving at "Green Mount Cemetery" the following exercises were had:

1. Dirge by Brass Band.
2. Prayer by Rev. C. A. Hampton.
3. Vocal music.
4. Address by Rev. A. D. Hall.
5. Music by Brass Band.
6. Decoration of graves—which was performed by the procession moving in regular order, from grave to grave, and strewing them with boquets as they passed.

As we stood on this beautiful Mount, overlooking our town, with the winding Ten Mile circling around it, and eastword the valley stretching away amid the hills, we felt that the scene transpiring around us, was sadly beautiful and beautifully sad. We felt *then* and *now*, that those soldier-patriots, beneath the sod, "sleeping the sleep that knows no waking," well deserve all the tribute of respect and of affection we could bestow upon them.

And though no epaulets they wore
Nor star, nor bar, nor golden lace.
Yet they who once the musket bore,
Shall in our hearts e'er find a place.
And though their bones in unknown graves,
Or bleaching on Southern soil do lie,
The memory of our fallen braves,
Can in this nation never die.
As long as the Alleghenies stand,
As long as the Potomac flows,
Or oceans splash their pebbly strands,
Or sun his daily journey goes;
So long the patriots name shall shine,
Among the list of honored dead,
And wreaths of glory ever twine,
In circling halos round his head.

Ceremonies being over at the Cemetery, the procession again took up its line of march, first proceeding to Hooksown, and thence to Morrisville, and at the graveyards of each, substantially the same ceremonies were performed; the procession then returning to Waynesburg, and dispersing to their homes. Before closing our sketch we cannot forbear speaking a word of praise of the excellent decorum manifested by all throughout the whole of the exercises; and, where everything was becomingly performed, to specially mention the fine and appropriate music, both vocal and instrumental, discoursed upon this occasion. "The Dirge" and the composition called "No. 9," played when re-entering Waynesburg, were strikingly beautiful and appropriate. P.

THE TWO MERCHANTS.—When trade grew slack and notes fell due, the merchant's face grew long and blue; his dreams were troubled through the night with sheriff's bailiffs all in sight. At last his wife unto him said, "Rise up at once, and get out of bed, and get your paper ink and pen and these words write unto all men: "My goods I wish to sell to you and to your wives and daughters too; my prices they shall be so low, that each will buy before they go." He did as his good wife advised, and in the paper advertised. Crowds came and bought of all he had; his notes were paid his dreams made glad, and he will tell you to this day, how well did printer's ink repay. He told us this with a knowing wink how he was saved by printer's ink. The other in a place as tight, contented was the press to slight, and did not let the people know of what he had or where to go; a levy on his goods was made; the store was closed until the sale, and for some time he was in jail. A bankrupt now without a cent, at leisure he does deep repent, that very foolish and unwise he did not freely advertise.

TEMPERANCE.—A correspondent of the *Gazette* writing from Washington, (Pa) says: "We begin to feel a little proud of our record on the subject of Temperance in this county Within its entire bounds only two houses sell liquor under the sanction of a license. In this borough there is not one. Five years ago we had no less than fifteen. This wonderful progress in the right direction is attributable to two things, the untiring efforts of the friends of temperance and the righteous decisions of an honest Court.

JUST OPENED.—A new and complete stock of Boots and Shoes, at M. C. & H. Bell's cheap store, Sayers' corner, Waynesburg. Among their stock will be found all the Spring Styles, direct from the manufacturers, selected by M. C. Bell expressly for this market.

FOR SALE!—A first class No. 2, Empire Sewing Machine; one of Groversteen's Piano fortes, of the best quality, and a scholarship for a course of instruction in Iron City Commercial College. Will be sold on easy terms. For information enquire at this office.

A FACT WORTHY OF NOTE.—Upon close examination by competent judges, it has been ascertained that D. Shirk has a stock of ladies' shoes unsurpassed by any in the place in point of durability, beauty of style and reasonable prices.

COARSE people use coarse perfumery, and *vice versa*, it is safe to set down a lady who uses that spiritual perfume, Phalon's "Fror de Mayo," as a person of taste and sensibility—perhaps a poetess or a fine musician. Sold by all druggists.

A FRESH ARRIVAL.—Just received from the East another supply of goods, that will be sold cheaper than ever, at D. Shirk's cheap store where every person goes to get good goods cheap—Try him.

CAN'T BE BEAT—The large and fashionable stock of Dress Goods for ladies at D. Shirk's cheap store; everything in that line cheaper than the cheapest, and more to select from.

THE QUESTION, answered satisfactorily to every body who sells the most, best and cheapest goods? The public say D. Shirk—Give him an early call and save money.

GOOD NEWS.—The largest, cheapest and best stock of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes Trimings &c., in the county is to be found at D. Shirk's Cheap Store. Call soon.

JUST RETURNED FROM PHILADELPHIA.—Frank McGurgan with a new and extensive stock of ladies' Hats, Sendowns, Bonnets, Ribons, Flowers, Laces, fine Fans, new style of Parasols, a full line of Dress Goods, Trimmings, Sashes, a new style of silk Saques, a fine assortment of fine Dress Goods and Silks &c., full line of Millinery trimmings,

NEW CLOTHING.—A large and well selected stock of Gents' & Boys' ready made Clothing at Frank M'Gurgan's, which will be sold at very low prices,

IPSA VERITAS is what a Latin Scholar acquainted with Evans & Minor's prices, would say, when told that they had the cheapest goods in the Market.

THE Lawrence county Republican Convention meets at New Castle on Monday, June 1st. The Fayette county ditto at Uniontown on June 8th.

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITERS!—Money is not the only thing that can be successfully counterfeited. For genuine Dry Goods, go to Etvans & Minor's.

WOULD YOU BE RICH?—Buy all your dry goods of Evans & Minor. "A penny saved is two pennies made."

THEY WANT MONEY and therefore customers can buy almost at their own prices of Evans & Minor.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S World's Hair Restorer sold at Braden's Drug Store.

GOING LIKE HOT CAKES.—Evans & Minor's goods at the late reduction in prices.

PLANTATION, Mishlers' and Hostetters' bitters sold at Braden's Drug Store.

A NEW line of prints at Fordyces new store in Jefferson for 12½c.

If you have back-ache call at Bradens and get a box of Sargent's back-ache Pills.

A LOT of Double Shovel Plows for sale at T. Braden's Hardware Store.

DO NOT fail to call at D. Shirk's Dry Goods Store.

GENTLEMEN'S patent, quarter Oxford ties, at M. C. & H. Bell's, very cheap for cash!

TRIX, Trix, Trix, sold at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

PAIN PAINT, for sale at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

STRICTLY Pure White Lead, sold at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

WILKINSON'S Sheep Shears, a fresh supply, best quality cheap at T. Braden's Hardware store.

WHEELING nails all sizes the best in use For sale at T. Braden's Hardware store.

STEWART'S Champion salve wholesale and retail by D. W. Braden agent for Greene Co.

A LARGE stock of Drugs just received at Braden's Drug store.

CUSTOM MADE Boots, calf back and front warranted in every particular, for $6.00, at M. C. & H. Bell's!

GO TO G. W Roberts' Drug Store for everything in the Drug line.

A FINE assortment of brushes, Perfumery, & fancy soaps at G. W. Roberts Drug Store.

Dr. Burtons Infallible tobacco antidote for sale at G. W. Roberts Drug Store.

MRS S. A Allens World's Hair Restorer for sale at G. W. Roberts' Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS Carefully compounded at G. W. Roberts'.

Go to N. H. McClelland's Grocery for No 1 Family Flour.

FAMILY Flour, manufactured from White Wheat, at N. H McClelland's Grocery.

Married.

GRAY—GLAMON—May 28, 1868, at the house of the bride's father, by Rev. J. W. Hamilton, Mr. David Gray, of Greene Co. Pa., and Miss Jennie Gamon of Washington Co. Pa.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, May 26, 1868.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.	
Butter (fresh roll,) ₰ lb	20
Eggs ₰ doz	10
Potatoes ₰ bush	50@2 00
Lard ₰ lb	12½
Tallow ₰ lb	12½
Country Soap ₰ lb	05
Dried Apples ₰ lb	6c
FLOUR AND GRAIN.	
Flour ₰ bbl	13 00
Wheat ₰ bush	2 10
Rye ₰ bush	1 15@1 20
Corn ₰ bush	1 10
Corn Meal ₰ bush	1 10
GROCERIES.	
Coffee ₰ lb	28@30
Tea ₰ lb	1 80
Brown Sugar ₰ lb	15
Refined Sugar ₰ lb	20
Syrup ₰ gal	60
Molasses (N. Orleans)	1 20
Sorghum ₰ gal	80
Salt ₰ bbl	3 25
Spice ₰ lb	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

SATURDAY, May 30, 1868.

The general markets have been very quiet during the past week, being almost entirely devoid of anything like a speculative feeling notwithstanding money matters have become much easier.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale prices:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.	
Wheat, Penn'a. and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 53@2 62
Rye ₰ bush	1 75
Oats ₰ bush	85@85
Corn ₰ bush	110@110
Spring Wheat Flour	10 75@11 50
Winter Wheat	12 00@12 50
PROVISIONS.	
Shoulders	13@14c
Sugar Cured Hams	21c
Lard	20c
Potatoes, ₰ bush	1 25@1 40
Apples ₰ bbl	6,00@7,00
Cheese	15@16
Eggs ₰ doz	22
Butter	18@20
SEEDS.	
Clover Seed	7 00
Timothy Seed	2 75
Flax Seed	2 00

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Beef cattle; better grades of shipping active and 15@25c higher; sales at $8 12 @8 25 for fair to good, and at 20 for extra choice. Hogs—good smooth lots steady and unchanged; common grades 25@30c lower; sales at $8@8 15 for medium to fair, and $8@9 10 for good to choice. Receipts, 8,270 head hogs. Shipments—3,460 head hogs.

Special Notices.

To Consumptives.—The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 165 South Second St. Williamsburg, New York. 6:3, '67-1yeb9-18

Legal Advertisements.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS DRAWN FOR JUNE TERM, 1868.

William Fonner	Morris tp.
Jesse Carpenter	Center "
John G. Dunsmore	Richhill "
Samuel Iams	Centre "
Jacob E. Richey	Cumberland "
David Crayne	Morgan "
Sanford Huffman	Springhill "
Andrew Wilson	Marion "
H. C. Bell	Morgan "
Hamilton Fenn	Morris "
H. S. White	Springhill "
Benjamin Evans	Springhill "
Resin Reynor	Cumberland "
Dennis Iams	Morris "
T. P. Mitchell	Marion "
Benjamin Rinehart	Greene "
George Lemley	Whitely "
John S. Flennikin	Cumberland "
Ingram Burnett	Morris "
S. C. Orr	Morgan "
Belen Bebout	Morris "
S. A. Huston	Richhill "
George Huffman	Washington "
Jeremiah Davidson	Cumberland "

LIST OF PETIT JURORS DRAWN FOR JUNE TERM, 1868.

Irad Garrison	Dunkard tp.
Asby P. Donley	Perry "
S. D. Arnett	Carmichaels "
John Webster	Centre tp.
Jacob Rush, Esq	Jefferson "
Christopher John	Whitely "
L. G. Vanvorhis	Dunkard "
Pierson Morris	Gilmore "
Azariah Evans	Aleppo "
E. B Bailey	Cumberland "
Francis Drake	Richhill "
Jacob Tustin	Wayne "
Wm. Ingram	Franklin "
John Barnes	Whitely "
Wm. Simpson	Morris "
Cephas Cary	Washington "
A. J. Shirley	Whitely "
Jesse Hunnell	Marion "
Capt. John Scott	Jackson "
Samuel Woods	Centre "
Stephen Day	Morris "
David P. Bell	Morgan "
James Kinney	Gilmore "
Peter Ulom	Aleppo "
Dennis Jacobs	Richhill "
A. M. Rickey	Carmichaels "
N. McAllister	Carmichaels "
T. M. Taylor	Washington "
R. F. Campbell, Sr.	Marion "
James W. Hays	Richhill "
Jas. E. Sayers	Marion "
Jesse Wells	Richhill "
John Fuller	Wayne "
John Shane	Wayne "
Hugh Montgomery, Jr.	Morgan "
Robert Cathers	Jackson "
Eli Titus	Dunkard "
Wm. McClure	Dunkard "
Joseph Keener	Dunkard "
John I. Worley	Wayne "

May 13-tc

[redacted]

Account of G. W. John, Guardian of W. L. Evans minor son of Alfred Evans, deceased.
Account of P. A. Knox, Administrator upon the estate of Susannah Becker, dec'd.
Account of Johnson Wyckoff and Lot L. Rich, Executors of the will of David Rich, dec'd.
Account of John Lantz, Executor of Jacob Lantz dec'd.
Account of John Lantz, Executor of Delila Lantz, dec'd.
Account of John Lantz, Guardian of Louisa M. Garrison, a minor child of Abner Garrison, dec'd.
Account of J. P. Morris Guardian of Marry and Sarah Roberts, minor children of Spicer Robert's dec'd.

May 13-tc

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That on the 6th day of May, A. D, 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Martin Smith, of Morgan township, in the county of Greene and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, in Waynesburg, Pa., before Joseph B. Donley, Esq., Register, on the 28th DAY OF JUNE, 1868, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
May 20,'68-tl U. S. Marshal, as MESSENGER.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED

To solicit order for ELLIOT'S New Work, REMARKABLE CHARACTERS AND MEMORABLE PLACES OF THE HOLY LAND. By HENRY WARD BEECHER, T. D. WOOLSEY, LL. D., Pres. of Yale Col., JOSEPH CUMMINGS, D. D. LL. D., Pres. of Wesleyan Univ., BP. REV. THOS. M. CLARK, Bishop of R. I., &c., &c.

This is a new original work by these authors, and its subjects are approved by clergymen of all denominations. We employ no GENERAL AGENTS, and offer extra inducements to Canvassers. Agents will see the advantage of dealing directly with the PUBLISHERS. For descriptive circulars with full particulars and terms, address the Publishers.

J. B. BURR & CO., Hartford, Conn.
5:27-1 m

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Commissioners appointed by Act of Assembly for the purpose of organizing an Insurance Company, will be held at the Exchange Bank in Waynesburg, on the 21st day of May, next. Proposed Capital $200,000.

J. F. TEMPLE,	JACOB SWART,
SIMON RINEHART,	JOHN CLAYTON,
JOHN MUNNELL,	JOHN DOWLIN,
J. A. J. BUCHANAN,	AARON SHELBY,
JOHN C. FLENNIKEN,	JOHN J. WORLEY,
DR. D. W. GRAY,	DR. J. SHRIVER,
	Commissioners.

May 6-td

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Jesse Rinehart (of John,) dec'd, late of Cumberland township, Greene county, Pa., notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

URIAH RINEHART, } Adm'rs
HIRAM RINEHART, }
ap 29-6t

NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Greene County will receive sealed proposals up to the 1st of June next, for the repairing of the Four Mile Bridge near Jacob Rinehart's, in Franklin township, in the following manner: The four Main Posts that the arch rests upon to be spliced with pine timber, said splices to be six feet long; a new floor of two inch oak plank to be put therein, and to be new roofed with good oak shingles; the contract to be let to the lowest and best bidder.

ELIAS SCOTT, }
J. M. MORRIS, } Com'rs.
ISAAC J. HUPP, }
May 6-tl

LEGAL NOTICE

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of William B. Porter late of Richhill township, Greene county, dec'd., notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

EVELINA PORTER, Executrix.
May 27-6t

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS
AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

The Most Successful Medicines in the World.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect CURES effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the System and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors, Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

APPLICANTS FOR TAVERN LICENSE AT JUNE TERM, 1868.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Monongahela City tp.
MARTIN SUPLER, Varnatti's Old Stand.
N. L. BURNETT, Eating House license, Carmichaels.
ay 13-tc J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

Dry Goods.

ANOTHER EXCITEMENT!

HI. PRICE ASSASSINATED!

FRANK M'GURGAN THE ASSASSIN!

THE DEED WAS DONE IN THE

ROOM OPPOSITE THE GREENE HOUSE,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

He has just received and is now offering for sale at the lowest prices, the finest stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Ever before offered in this market, consisting in part, of Spring and Summer Clothing

FOR MEN AND BOYS!

A very large stock that cannot be excelled; also, a very superior assortment of

LADIES' GOODS

Of all kinds, consisting in part, of New Dress Trimmings, Ribbons—every width and shade; Satins and silks, latest styles;

TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS!

Sash, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons; Laces—real point, Applique and Valencia, Handkerchiefs—Lace, Embroidered, Hemstitched and Plain. Hamburg work—a fine assortment.

JEWELRY.

A large assortment of Kid Gloves—first quality for ladies and gentlemen.

LADIES' HATS, STRAW HATS,

Bonnets and Bonnet Frames; Bonnet ornaments and flowers, both French and American; together with any and all articles in use by ladies. Ask for anything you want and we can supply you. Also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND WALL PAPER

of various kinds and patterns, all of which will be sold cheap as the cheapest.

11:23-tf. FRANK McGURGAN.

Groceries &c.

MURDER!

"OVER THE LEFT."

A

Majority of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement and if a

MAN

Actually has a choice variety of goods which he is selling at the VERY LOWEST prices that can be afforded, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore we have

FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and say but little in regard to our ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not

DEAD

To their own interest to buy their Candies, Nuts Raisons, Groceries and everything else

IN

The Grocery line of, H. A. Rinehart, in Ledwith's old building, opposite the public square,

WAYNESBURG.

A FRESH SUPPLY

JUST RECEIVED AND

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

10:20-tf.

READ AND KNOW—

QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS!

IMMENSE STOCK OF FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Constantly arriving at the Store of

JOHN MUNNELL,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Consisting, in part, of

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARIES,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
SNUFF,
CRACKERS,
CHEESE,
MOLASSES,
CARBON OIL,
FISH,
BACON,
&c., &c., &c.

In addition to the above, a full stock of

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, SPECTACLES, POCKET KNIVES

and thousands of other articles, which are being sold as low as the

TIMES WILL PERMIT!

COME AND BUY.

JOHN MUNNELL.

11:13tf.

PAINTING AND GLAZING.

D. W. KENNEDY & J. W. SMALLEY,

HOUSE PAINTERS,

GRAINERS, GLAZIERS AND PAPER HANGERS,

Shop, on Mechanics' Row, opposite the M. E. Church, Waynesburg, Pa.

☞MATERIAL FURNISHED, if required, at Pittsburgh Prices.

ap 1, '68-6m. KENNEDY & SMALLEY.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞Repairing a speciality on short notice. Farmer friends go look at his stock. 6:24-1y.

B. M. BLACHLY, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at his residence, opposite the "Wright House," Waynesburg, Pa.

☞Diseases of Females made a speciality. 11:28-1ytf.

FINE CARD AND BILL-WORK!

ARTISTICALLY EXECUTED!

On the shortest notice, at this Office.

Clothing.

BLOW-UP ON THE MONONGAHELA!

STEAMERS

ELECTOR AND FAYETTE!

IN THEIR GREAT RACE TO SECURE THE

IMMENSE

CARGO OF CLOTHING!

OF

N. CLARK & SON

Which has just been secured and

SAVED FROM THE WRECK!

The Largest, Cheapest and Best Selection of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

HATS AND CAPS!

Will be found at N. CLARK & SON'S,

FULL SUITS AT $6 00!

That are good material and warranted to wear well.

GOOD CASSIMERE SUITS FOR $11 50.

Good Pants as low as $1 25 and $1 75.

We ask nothing for showing goods. Come and see us; we like to show goods.

OUR PRICES CANNOT BE BEAT!

ap 15, 68

AHOY! ALOFT!

STAND BY, ALL!

TO SEE THE GRAND OPENING OF

SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING

JUST RECEIVED BY

A. J. SOWERS

DRESS SUITS AND BUSINESS SUITS.

Beautiful assortment of Cloths,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

SHIRTS READY-MADE,

New Styles for Gent's Neck Dress Scarfs, Fine French Figured Percale Shirts, Collars & Cuffs.

THE DECLINE IN PRICES enables him to sell at fabulous low rates. Full suits of excellent texture, can be had at one half former cost. Come and get the best while it is going.

WON'T BE UNDERSOLD IN WAYNESBURG

ROOM IN ALLISON'S BUILDING, OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

ap 15,'68-3m.

PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING!

The firm of ODBERT & JONES will furnish the

PROPERTY HOLDERS!

of Greene county, with the

PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING!

Introduced last Summer, and so highly recommended by those who have tried it.

☞All orders left with L. W. Jones, Waynesburg, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ODBERT & JONES,
3:11-6m of Washington County, Pa.

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cromlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RUN. 6:5-tf.

Legal Advertisements.

NOTICE TO THE TAX PAYERS OF GREENE COUNTY.

The undersigned, Treasurer of Greene county hereby gives notice that in pursuance of the Act of Assembly of the 8th of May, 1855, he will meet the several tax payers of the said county, in their several townships and boroughs at the said places and times hereinafter specified, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M, and 5 o'clock, P. M. of each day, for the purpose of collecting and receiving State and county taxes for the year 1868.

FIRST WEEK.

Morgan township, Monday, June 15, at the house of Morgan Bell.
Jefferson township, Tuesday, June 16, at the house of Wm. Kelly.
Cumberland township and Carmichaels Borough, Wednesday and Thursday, June 17th and 18th at the house of Henry Jennings.
Monongahela township, Friday, June 19 at the house of Wm. Mestrezatt.
Greene township, Saturday, June 20, at the at the house of B. F. Bailey.

SECOND WEEK.

Whitely township, Monday, June 22, at the house of Gilman Hickman.
Dunkard township, Tuesday, June 23, at the house of George Howard, Taylortown.
Perry township, Wednesday, June 24, at the house of William Phillips, Mt. Morris.
Wayne township, Thursday, June 25, at the house of Resin Colvert.
Gilmore township, June 26, at the house of E. Hennen, Jollytown.
Jackson township, Saturday, June 27, at the house of Jesse Mitchell.

THIRD WEEK.

Centre township, Monday, June 29, at the house of Rinehart Church, Rogersville.
Springhill township, June 30 at the house of Ferrell, Freeport.
Aleppo township, Wednesday, July 1, at the house of Augustus Miller.
Richhill township, Thursday and Friday, July 2d and 3d, at the house of M. Moniger, Jacksonville.

FOURTH WEEK.

Morris township, Monday, July 5, at the house of A. J. Barker.
Washington township, Tuesday July 7, at the house of Clinton Lewis.
Franklin township, Wednesday, July 8, at the house of Smith Green.
Marion township, Thursday May 9, at the Treasurer's office in Waynesburg.

ABNER M. BAILEY,
May 13, '68-tl Treasurer.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT JUNE TERM, 1868.

Lantz John vs Elijah Morris, et al, No. 164, June term, 1859.
Brant et al vs Kent No. 166 March term, 1860.
Morris vs Lucas, No. 71, June term, 1862.
Tanner vs Hughes & Kincaid, No. 79, June term, 1864.
Everhart vs Stephenson, No. 85, March term, 1865.
South & Knotts vs Long, No. 62, December term 1865.
Cornwell vs Wilson; No. 128, Dec. term, 1865.
Taylor vs Lemley, No. 75, March term, 1866.
Gordon vs Shriver, No. 140, March term, 1866.
Lindsey's Executors vs Sayers, No. 159, March term, 1866.
Huss E. A. et al vs Stephens, No. 181, March term, 1866.
Silveus vs Martin, No. 70, June term, 1866.
Lantz G. W. vs Shields J. G. et al, No. 112, June term, 1866.
Rhodes vs Messer et al, No. 148, June term, 1866.
Hook vs Odenbaugh, No 211, June term, 1866.
Hornbake vs Hedge, No. 60, Sept term, 1866.
Waters vs Davidson, No. 156, September term, 1866.
Minor's Administrators vs Gapen, No 86 December term, 1866.
Johns vs Lantz's Administrators, No. 145, Dec. term, 1866.
Leet vs Hamilton, No. 50, March term, 1867.
Williams vs Chevenger, No. 70, June term, 1867.
Colver et al vs Kelley & Kelley, No. 81, June term, 1867.
McCormack vs Silveus, No. 131, June term, 1867.
Stillwell vs Thompson, No. 134, June term, 1867.
Lemley vs Stephens, No. 147, June term, 1867.
Maple vs Chevenger, No. 16, Sept. term, 1862.
McKean vs Hewitt & Gray, No. 59, Sept. term, 1867.
Porter vs Greene Co. Amber Oil Co., No. 87, Sept. term, 1867.
Woods vs Black, No. 31, April term, 1868.

J. F. TEMPLE, Prothonotary.
May 13-tc

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of alias ven. exp. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Waynesburg, ON SATURDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JUNE, next, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of John Iams, of, in and to a certain tract of land situated in Centre township, Greene County, Pa., adjoining lands of William Milliken, William Goodwin, and others, containing about 110 acres, about sixty acres of which are cleared and on which is erected a Brick Dwelling House, Frame Stable and other out buildings.

Taken in execution as the property of Joh Iams at the suit of Thomas Iams for the use Mary Ann Wilson.

May 20-3t H. B. SILVEUS, Sheriff.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That on the 6th day of May, A. D., 1868 a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of William A. Porter, of Waynesburg, in the county of Greene and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, in Waynesburg, Penn, before Joseph B. Donley, Esq., Register, ON 20th OF JUNE, 1868, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
May 20, '68-tl U. S. Marshal, as MESSENGER.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

4:10-tf. L. HUGHES & CO., Rice's Landing, Pa.

Sewing Machines.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine

Business Cards.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 5:1-'66-tf.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

28:8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. 469.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week. dh.

I. O. OF O. F.

HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 553.

Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Saturday evening, each week. dh.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House.

May 10, '66-1y.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite the Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.

May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4:1-'67-1y.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

Opens.....9 o'clock A M.
Closes.....3 o'clock P M.
DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.

D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.
B. FRANK. FLENNIKEN, Assistant Cashier.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT PER ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month.

6:12-tf JOS. S. HERTIG.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office.

5:3-'66-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞ All work warranted for one year. ☜

2:21-'69-tf.

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(Shop in rear of the Hamilton House near the Steam Mill,)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5:8-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1839, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.

All orders promptly filled. 4:23-'66-tf.

FOUNDERY NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PURCHASED

EAGLE FOUNDERY,

With its large stock of

PLOWS AND MANY OTHER CASTINGS,

Formerly the property of the late Daniel Owens, dec'd, will continue the business in all its branches, and do all kinds of

MACHINE REPAIRING,

At short notice and upon reasonable terms, and hopes to merit a reasonable share of patronage.

3-48-3m C. W. BOWER

NEW LIVERY STABLE

IN WAYNESBURG, PA.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to

ACCOMMODATE AT ALL HOURS WITH

GOOD HORSES AND GOOD BUGGIES,

Our Stable will be found in rear of the Hamilton House, near the Steam Mill.

May 20, '68-1y W. A. & C. W. BANE.

HAVE A CIGAR!

IF SO, CALL IN AT

T. BRADEN'S NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

He keeps on hand at all times

AN EXCELLENT QUALITY OF CIGARS,

Smoking & Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, Snuff, etc., etc.

PRICES DOWN! IS THE WORD!

Call in. Room in the Worley House, Waynesburg, Pa.

ap. 16, '68-tf T. BRADEN.

Pittsburgh Cards.

Iron City College.

COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest and most Successful

PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE

IN THE UNITED STATES,

OVER FIFTEEN THOUSAND STUDENTS

FROM THIRTY-THREE STATES IN TEN YEARS.

FOR LARGE QUARTO CIRCULAR,

Containing full information, Outline of Course of Study, samples of COWLEY'S

PREMIUM PENMANSHIP,

View of the College Building, different departments, City of Pittsburgh, &c., &c., address the Principals, SMITH & COWLEY,

ap 1, 68-1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.

LEAD PIPE, SHEET AND BAR LEAD MANUFACTURERS, ALSO

Pig Lead, Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose, Steam Gauges, Whistles and Valves, Iron and Copper Sinks & Bath Tubs, Steam Pumps, Farm Pumps and Force Pumps. And

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS

FOR WATER, GAS AND STEAM.

NO. 167 SMITHFIELD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap 22, '68-1y-3c Send for a Price List.

FURNITURE!

J. W. WOODWELL & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS

AND

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FURNITURE!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

97 & 99 Third St.,

3:4-1y. PITTSBURG, PENN'A.

ANDERSON, PENZOLD & CARSON,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

WELL KNOWN MERCHANT TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT!

—TO—

52 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Two doors from their old rooms.

6:1,'68-1y.

BARKER & HASELTINE!

NO. 18 FIFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

PICTURE AND PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES

OF ALL KINDS,

OFSEWOOD, GILT & WALNUT MOULDINGS,

PICTURES, STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS.

☞ Gilding and Re-gilding to Order. 3:1,'68-1y

J. S. NEWMYER, President.
G. H. ANDERSON, Secretary. J. N. SHALLENBERGER, Superintendent.

TWIN CITY

SLATE MINING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Manufacture and Deal in every variety of

ROOFING SLATE,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GENERAL OFFICE NO. 43, 7TH ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

For particulars and prices, address

J. S. NEWMYER, Prest.

ap 22, '68-6m

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,

No 42 Fifth Street, one door from Wood, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Fine Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds, Pure Silver Ware, Plated Ware of every description, French Clocks, Tea Sets, Spoons, Forks, Watch makers tools, &c.,

And agency of the CELEBRATED AMERICAN WATCHES.

We also keep the largest and most varied assortment of the very best American Made Clocks, to be found in any city east or west. Persons in want of any article in our line, either at wholesale or for their own use, will always find our prices lower and our assortment larger than any to be found west of New York City.

WATCH REPAIRING—To this branch of our trade (being ourselves practical watch-makers,) we pay very special attention. We employ a force of the very best Artists in the country, and any and all fine delicate and difficult work entrusted to our care, for the trade or individuals, may rely on getting satisfaction.

Work may be sent by express or otherwise.
REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,
Wholesale & retail Jewellers & Silversmiths,
42 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ap 29, '68-1y

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

A good Agent wanted in every township of this county to sell **Westcott's Adjustable Dash Churn!** the best butter maker now manufactured. We do not promise fabulous salaries to our agents, but do guarantee good wages to good men. We are anxious to have this Churn introduced, and to this end will make favorable arrangements with early applicants.

Address THOS. H. BINGHAM & CO.,
1:8-1y 366 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Bills, Cards, Circulars, Posters &c., &c., neatly executed at this Office, on short notice.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.

8:28-1y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of William Evans, late of Monongahela township, Greene county, dec'd., notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. JACOB REWITY,

May 13-6t FRANKLIN SEATON, Executors.

Printing.

PRINTING!

"THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN"

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Sayers' Building, East of the Public Square,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

PAMPHLETS,

PROGRAMMES,

BILL HEADS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

POSTERS,

BLANKS,

LABELS,

&c., &c.,

NEATLY EXECUTED.

WE HAVE NOW A GREAT VARIETY

OF MATERIAL!

And a more complete stock of

PAPER, CARDS, &c.,

Than any establishment within the limits of our business circle,

AND WE ARE PREPARED

To execute every description of

JOB PRINTING!

IN A

STYLE OF NEATNESS AND BEAUTY!!

WHICH

CANNOT BE SURPASSED ANYWHERE.

We employ the most competent printers, and propose to

MEET EVERY ORDER!

With which we are favored, in the

SHORTEST TIME POSSIBLE!

AND

IN THE MOST SATISFACTORY MANNER!

Particular attention given to

FINE RULE WORK

CERTIFICATES,

CHECKS, &c.,

TERMS REASONABLE!

Let us have a call fore going elsewhere.

10:30 JAS. E. SAYERS,
Waynesburg, Pa.

The Waynesburg Republican.

DEMOCRATIC GEMS.

Once in a while we find a "Democrat" who is a professor of religion, and there are rare cases of "Democratic" Methodists. Up in La Crosse, Wis., there is a "Democrat" newspaper, called, the *La Crosse Democrat*, edited by one Pomeroy who claims that his paper is read by more people than any other "Democratic" paper in the United States. It is purely Democratic. The Democrats read it, and swear by it. It is their bible. They drink its weekly slang, and smack their lips for more. The Methodist Democrat reads it (if he can read) and calls it good; and here is a specimen of what he reads:

"There is now in session in the city of Chicago, a nondescript black-and-tan, rump-radical, political-religious mob, known as the Quadrennial Conference of the Methodist Church. It is convened nominally in the interest of the Methodist denomination, but really in the interest of Grant, who is the candidate of the Methodists. It will remain in session until after the Chicago Convention, and will aid its nasal whine to the chorus of damnable discords that will hail the nomination of the azure-backed butcher. * * * There never was convened on this continent so fanatical, ignorant, obstreperous a mob of renegade whites. * *

* The vagabond political and moral male harlots who defile the Methodist pulpits and who make night hideous with their infernal howlings, are further beneath the contempt of white men, than a Yankee singing school is beneath an angel choir. * * * Roost high, oh, ye feathered beasts, for the chicken eaters are come up to the great city. * * Guard well the back doors to your gin mills, oh ye dispensers of benzine, for the throats that are enveloped in white chokers are often athirst.

"Look well to your four footed beasts, ye that keep livery stables, for horse-flesh hath [redacted] the Methodist cious.

"Mount a two-barrel gun within range of your old clothes line, oh ye that have much raiment, for the colporteurs have a weekness for square-tailed shirts and embroidered underclothes.

And oh, ye unsuspecting Methodist brethren of Chicago, hearken to our warning, and go mighty slow on your itinerant brethren from the country, for they will renegade on you the first deal.

"Brethren, let us pray!"

NEW YORK PRESS ON THE NOMINATIONS.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The nominations and platform give great satisfaction among the Republicans and War Democrats here. One of the Grant Clubs fired a salute of one hundred guns in honor of the ticket last night.

Speaking of the nominations made at Chicago, the *Herald* says Grant is stronger than his party, and Colfax is the most popular man of his party, and the Republican ticket is a strong one.

The *Times* says the people have faith in Grant, and the selection of Colfax is eminently judicious.

The *World* says the ticket would have been a strong one five months ago, as it is completely Western and wholly Radical. Grant is without a popular equal, but a successful military career covers a multitude of defects. Colfax is perhaps the most popular man in his party. On the [illegible] the ticket is a strong one.

The *Tribune* predicts Grant's electoral and popular majorities will exceed those of Lincoln over M'Clellan. He will receive more votes from reconstructed rebels than any other man in the country.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The *Sun* says the Chicago ticket is a strong one and will receive the enthusiastic support of the Republicans.

The *Commercial* supports the ticket, regarding it as insuring victory in advance.

The *Post* eulogises the ticket and says the resolutions, whatever faults a minute criticism might detect in the language or in the form of some of them, are as a whole an explicit and satisfactory declaration of a general sense of justice as applied to the living questions of the day.

AT a wedding in Delaware, when all was arranged and the minister called on any one to speak who objected to the marriage, a husky voice from the corner cried out, "I do!" All eyes were turned in that direction, when a man emerged from the corner, holding his handkerchief up to his eyes and blubbering, "Why do you object?" said the minister. "Because I want her myself!"

A GENTLEMAN asked a clergyman for the use of his pulpit for a young divine, a relation of his. "I really do not know," said the clergyman, how to refuse you; but if the young man can preach better than I can, my congregation would be dissatisfied with me afterwards, and if he should preach worse, I don't think he's fit to preach at all."

ALWAYS have on hand, put away in the barn or wagon shed, pieces of hickory or other tough timber. How many times in a year does a farmer want a piece for a pin, single tree or handle, and if not at hand, a whole board or fence rail must be cut, or perhaps half a day lost going to a wagonmaker's shop.

AT a meeting of the Baptist Home Mission Society in New York, the Southern delegates were admitted and warmly applauded. Several of them made speeches acknowledging the death of slavery, and expressing a desire for the friendship and harmony and union of the States.

"WHICH, my dear lady, do you think the merriest place in the world?" "That immediately above the atmosphere, I should think." "And why so." "Because I am told that there all bodies lose their gravity."

"JOHNNY" said a little three year old sister to an elder brother of six—"Johnny, why can't we see the sun go back where it rises?" "Why sis, you little goosey, because it would be ashamed to be seen going down east."

GEN. CANBY issued an order removing thirteen of eighteen aldermen of Charleston, and appointed persons to fill the vacancies. Under the new organization there will be seven negroes in the board.

"SHACON, do you know what for we call our boy Hans?" "Do not really." "Well, I tell you ter reason we call our boy Hans; dat ish his name."

Dry Goods.

NEW STAND! NEW STORE!

NEW STOCK!

The patronage of the people of our town and county is respectfully solicited at the new stand,

P. AXTELL & CO.,

Blachley's Corner, opposite the Wright House, Waynesburg, Pa., where a splendid stock has just been received, consisting of

DRY GOODS, FINE WHITE GOODS,
FANCY GOODS, DRESS TRIMMINGS,
SPRING SHAWLS AND BALMORALS,
EMBROIDERIES, NOTIONS, GLOVES.
HOSIERY, RIBBONS,
Velvets, Parasols, beaded and plain; Ladies' and Gent's Hats in various styles.
&c., &c., &c.

☞ A fine assortment of everything in our line always on hand. ☜

☞ We sell at very reasonable rates and deal alike to all. ☜

COME, EXAMINE, AND BUY!

P. AXTELL & CO.

May 27, '68-1y

GOOD NEWS!

AND NEW GOODS!

D. SHIRK,

Now offers to the public

The most complete assortment of

Every thing in the Dry

Goods line ever brought to

This market. The Spring

Styles, fresh and attractive

And of every variety.

Hats for Men and Boys,

Ladies' and Misses. Boots

And Shoes, unsurpassed in

Durability & Cheapness.

Muslins, Delaines, Cloths,

Bonnets & Bonnet frames

Cassimeres, and in fact

Everything that can be

Desired, you can buy of him.

A. WILSON, JR.

Especially invites a call from his old customers, being satisfied the prestige of former dealing will be sustained and that now, as of yore, the tastes of all will be pleased regarding prices and quality. Embrace the first opportunity and give him an early call.

☞ Room formerly occupied by A. Wilson, Jr. in Wilson's building, Waynesburg, Pa.

ap 8, '68-1y. D. SHIRK.

THE LATEST YET.

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

SPRING & SUMMER STYLES,

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats for men & boys, also, a great variety nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4:1,'67-tf

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House.

4:34-3m L. R. EVANS.

Boots & Shoes.

A FACT WORTHY OF NOTE!

JOHN W. WINGET

Undoubtedly has the LARGEST STOCK of

HOME-MADE BOOTS & SHOES!

IN WAYNESBURG.

They have been tried and found to be equal if not

Superior to any in the place!

He has a general and well manufactured assortment of

LADIES' AND MISSES, MEN & BOYS'

HOME MADE

BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS!

He keeps hands unexcelled as workmen in leather. His shop will be found

NEAR COTTEREL'S TANNERY,

☞ After returning thanks for a liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I wish to say to my old customers and others that I warrant my work in every particular, and will sell at prices that will satisfy any reasonable person.

Don't forget the place, but

GIVE ME A CALL SOON.

ap 8, '68-1y JOHN M. WINGET.

GREAT PANIC IN THE PRICES OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

—AT—

WILLIAM BERRYHILL'S,

TWO DOORS WEST OF N. CLARK & SON'S CLOTHING STORE,

Having just purchased a heavy Stock of Boots and Shoes of the FINEST and BEST QUALITY to be found in the East, he now has the best selected and most complete assortment of these Goods ever brought to the Town. And he offers to sell

FOR CASH

Men's best, whole stock, Home-made Boots, 17 inch leg, at $6.00, 5.25 and 5.00; Men's Fine Calf at $7.50, with a uniform deduction in rates, on all kinds of stock. Mr. Berryhill having an experience of 15 years in the manufacturing of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Is thoroughly acquainted with the business, and has taken great care to make this a

SUPERIOR STOCK TO ANY KEPT HERETOFORE.

Experienced hands are constantly employed in making to order and we can safely say that at no place else in these "diggings" can the material and workmanship be surpassed.

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

He now asks his friends and the public to call and examine his stock, as he feels confident that he can please them. WM. BERRYHILL,

12:18-tf Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa.

GREAT BARGAINS!

—IN—

BOOTS AND SHOES!

NEW STOCK!

NEW STORE!

CUSTOM-MADE WORK!

CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT

M. C. & H. BELL'S,

(SUCCESSORS TO HALSTED,)

SAYERS' CORNER

WAYNESBURG, PA.

☞ Call and examine, and save money!

GO TO M. C. & H. BELL'S FOR BARGAINS

12:4-1y.

GIFTS FOR THE MILLION

A HUGE STOCK,

BOUGHT EXPRESSLY FOR THE FESTIVE DAYS AHEAD, AT

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

DELICIOUS OYSTERS!

With all the "et ceteras," are served at reasonable rates.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 8:14-'65-1y.

Miscellaneous.

BETTER THAN EVER!

FROM

NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA

THOMAS BRADEN,

Has just received a splendid new

SPRING STOCK OF HARDWARE!

To which he invites especial attention.

His store is filled with everything in his line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being a practical farmer, he knows exactly the wants of his farmer friends. Among his variety of goods will be found Iron and Nails of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c., Tuttle-toothed, Cross-cut and Mill Saws, Hand Saws and Tools of all descriptions.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in this line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of Saddlery Hardware, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's, Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot Guns, Boys's Wagons and Sleds. All of which will be sold cheaper than ever for Cash!

GIVE HIM A CALL SOON.

He will take pleasure in showing his stock at all times. So give him a call when you come to town. Remember the place,

OPPOSITE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

ap 8, '68-tf THOMAS BRADEN.

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Panelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for,

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.

They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS.

8:14-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

COPPER AND TINWARE ESTABLISHMENT IN WAYNESBURG, PA.

DON'T THROW MONEY AWAY, BUT USE IT TO BUY CHEAP AND USEFUL STOVES OF

W. H. HELPHENSTINE,

They have the handsomest and neatest pattern of

COOKING, HEATING, AND PARLOR STOVES!

in use. Call and examine the different patterns before you purchase elsewhere. They have the ROSEDALE, for wood or coal, three sizes; and the Perfection, for wood, three sizes. They are the best Stoves in use.

Don't let the women scold any longer, but get them what they need.

They manufacture

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE!

of all kinds. Everything in our line will be attended to promptly; send in your orders soon, for I will sell cheap for cash or country produce

SPOUTING AND ROOFING!

done to order on the shortest notice, at the old stand, south of the Sheriff's House, Waynesburg, Pa. W. H. HELPHENSTINE.

1:29-6m

E. A. TINKER.....H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1500. 7:24-1y.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

☞ For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of STURGISS & WAGNER,

Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner (Up Stairs.)

8:21,'67-1y MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG ENCAMPMENT, NO. 118

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. First and second Friday's of each month. dh.